# Looking Glass CHILDREN.

Being a Narrative of God's gracious Dealings with some Little Children; Recollected by Henry Jessey in his life-time. Together with sundry seasonable Lessons and Instructions to Youth, calling them early to remember their Creator: Written by Abraham Chear, late of Plymouth.

## The Fourth Edition, Enlarg'd.

To which is added many other Poems very fuitable. As also some Elegies on departed Friends made by the said Abraham Chear.

All now faithfully gathered together, for the benefit of Young and Old, by H. P.

Pial. 66. 16. Come and hear, all ye that fear God, and I will declare what be hath done for my Soul.

Deut. 31. 19. Now therefore write ye this Song for you, and teach it the Children of Israel; put it in their mouths, that this Song may be a witness for me.

London, Printed for D. D. and are to be sold by the Bookiellers. 1708

Price bound is,

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# To the Reader.

Hou haft here ( gentle Reader ) brought to thy view, in the first part of this Book, a Narrative of the Gracious Dealings of God with several Children; and what they-gained in an early looking Heavenward, in which thou mayest see and behold the condescention of the Lord to such little Ones, in opening their understanding, and giving them a fight and sense of their undone estate by nature, from whence they were made to seek and enquire after a Saviour, and by Grace helped to apply and improve his gracious Calls and Invitations to a full Satisfaction in, and by Faith a cleaving to His undertakings, as the alone way and means to Salvation, to their great comfort here, and firm hope of glory hereafter. All which was wonderfully effected, to the praise of the free Grace of God, and admiration of Relations and Beholders; and now presented to thee, being first written by that faithful Servant of the Lord

#### To the Reader

Lord, Mr. Henry Jeffey; who in his life-time gave it me to transcribe, in order for the then Printing : But it being small, I waited to have somewhat to adjoyn to it, which Providence hath lately brought to my hand, as that which is worthy of publication, being the Fruit of some idle hours of that Servant of the Lord Mr. Abraham Chear whilft in bonds for the truth of Christ; wherein he expresses his well-wishes to the Souls of divers poor Children, towards whom he then flood nearly related; and dearly affected, as by the second Part hereof you may largely see: and if belped of God to make improvement of it, so as carefully to mind, and beedfully to walk in the pra-Hice of what is seasonably advised in the said Discourse, you will have great cause to bless the Lord for such endeavours, now published for your profit and advantage.

The Motive provoking me thus to recollect this little Rook, is chiefly from confideration of my daily observation of Youth great need of all endeavours to prompt them to that which is good, they being naturally addicted to be drawn away through their own inclinations, and the powerful prevalency of Saum to sin and disobedience; by which they wrong their precious Souls, Prov. 8. 36. thereby incurring God's displeasure to the daily hardening their hearts from his fear, to the Reader.

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fear, and following the fins and pleasures of this vain World, until they are prepared as Vessels of Wrath fitted for Destruction and Perdition; which is the certain effect of Sin, ruling and reigning without restraint in the bearts of the Children of Disobedience, Col. 3. 6. Which evil and judgment may be timely prevented, by hearkning to God's Call, Prov. 9.6. seeking and serving him betimes, Prov. 8. 17. believing his Word, avoiding evil company, Prov. 4. 15, 16. slighting the allerments of present pleasure, and the sinful delights of the flesh, and by making good-men examples to walk after, Prov. 2. 20. Heb. 6. 12. 2 Chron. 29. 2. and therein efteeming and highly prizing the excellency of the Lord Jesus, in all his glorious undertakings for poor sinners, Phil. 3. 8. cleaving to his Righteousness only for Justification and Salvation, I Cor. 1. 30. Which Mercy is greatly desired may accompany the Reader of this litle Piece, whereby he may say it was worth perusing, for that by it the Lord made him o consider his latter end, and remember him n the day of his youth, so as to make his Caling and Election sure, as did these pretty Children. That being my aim and end in the publishing hereof, I shall daily wait for its suoess, and remain yours,

In true desires after your Eternal happiness. Go little Book, and speak for them that be Lanch'd with great safety to Eternity; Engaging others, by what they did find, Their everlasting Peace chiefly to mind. Their names are blest, and had in memory; They served God, and thence in peace did die.

All you that read, be earnest to obtain True faith in Christ, which will be lasting gain. And if, while young, God do his Work begin Opon your Soul, take beed, beware of fin; It will prove to your Crown another day, To cleave to Righteousness, whilft yet you may. Proceed in fear, in love, with true delight, Unto the Lord, to serve him with your might. Observe the Lessons given by Abram Chear, That they your Soul may unto Christ endear. Such Songs are good, if well improved be, Sung by experience, with Soul-harmony. the Truth's therein inserted make your own, practice in true love to Christ alone: and chiefly now your everlasting Reft, That in compare with all things is the beft. Love God, and fear him in sincerity, So hall you praise him to eternity.

London, 12th Month, 12th day, 1672.

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f hopeful young Children, (the great joy of their Parents,) remembring their Creator in the dayes of their Youth; Being trained up in the Holy Scriptures from their Infancy.

rst, Of Mary Warren, Born in May 1651, Aged Ten years in May 1661.

or fix years old, she had a new plain Tammy Coat; and when she was made ready, was to be ried with other Children into Morefields: thaving looked upon her Coat, how fine was, she presently went to her Chair,

fate down, her tears running down her eyes, she wept seriously by her self; Her Mother seeing it, said to her, How now? Are you not well? What's the matter that you weep? The Child answered, Tes, I am well, but I would I had not been made ready, for I am afraid my fine Cloathes will cast me down to Hell. Her Mother said; It's not our Cloaths, but wicked Hearts that hurt us. She answered, Aye Mother, fine Cloathes make our hearts proud.

The Scriptures being daily read in the House, when one had read Luke 10. she laid to heart the end of the Chapter, how Mary sate at Christs feet and heard him And Martha complained; and Jesus said Martha, Martha, Thou art careful, and cum bred about many things; but one thing is needful, Mary bath chosen that good parthat shall not be taken from her. Hearing this, the tears ran down, and she wept sore Being asked the cause, she said, I am no like this good Mary, I know not that one thin needful. Thus tender was her heart at the Age.

# In February 1659.

The Night after General Monk had fer his Letter to the Parliament to put an en o their sitting by such a time; Bonesires eing made the night following all over london, and some before her Fathers door: When some went down to see them, this child would not: But going to the Window, and looking out, hearing such roaring and rantings in the burning of Rumps, and drinking of Healths there; she came ack, and the tears running down her neeks, she said thus, Here's a deal of wickley, they know not but they may be dead fore the morning; methinks I see our sins sty to Heaven as fast as the sparks sty upard.

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This that next follows, was written about don't

It being 24 days now that she had tan nothing but Water, with a little Surt, till Tuesday last; and ever since that, will not take it with Sugar, but Water ly, without crying out, (her speech begof late taken from her) and that by cing it into her by a Syringe, she had an impossible in her stomach, as it peared afterwards, not taking Food at all divers days.

What

What next follows was written by her Fath on Friday night, Octob. 4. 1661.

She sent for me to speak with me; a when I came, asked her what she won have with me: She answered, I have a short time to live, I pray you be loving my poor Mother. Afterwards he speak of loving her, she said, I pray many your love to my poor Mother. Her Moth asked her if she were willing to die? answered, Ay, very willing, for then Is she hath made satisfaction for my sins. I ask her, if I should go down? She answere I have done with you now, you may if please.

Next night, Octob. the 5th, her Moth going softly to the Chamber-door, she head her speaking alone, and she listned, a heard her say thus, Come Lord Fesus, of quickly, and relieve thy poor Creature

all my pains.

and Wi

On the Lords Day, (Octob. 6.) she status, Here is nothing here but sin, I am I ling to die, but either to live or to die, whether Lord pleaseth, his Will be done, and will, whether I will or no.

### On Tufday at night, Octob. 8.

Seeing her Mother weeping, she faid, von fother, Do not weep for me, but leave me to ve Lord, and let him do with we what he vel aferb. And then clasping her Arms aing ut her Mothers Neck, her Mother faid, aki nou embracest me, but I trust thou art anif other, I know it, that If sen I go from hence, I shall go into health
Bl. d happiness, or else I should not undergo all ask pains with so much patience, ( she having ven en in very great pain, having an Imif thume in her Stomach.) One day when urse came to see her young Sister Sarah, fother Sister Ann being with her, she said to hear fister, Go, see Nurse: Her Sister said, , a e was loth to leave her alone: She ans, e ered, I am not alone, for the Lord is with ture ; as it is in John, I am not alone, for the ther is with me. She feeling a fore pain e f her side, her Mother said, she would my ply something to it. She answered, No, , whe Lord Jesus hath undergone a great deal nd re for me.

# More Expressions of Mary Warren.

She having been very ill and speechle for fome days, her Father had defired M John Simpson, and Mr. Palmer, late of Gl ceftershire, and Mr. Jeffey, to come to h House, and pray for his sick and much

pained Daughter.
On Friday Novemb. 8. 1661. these me then, and fought the Lord earnestly on h behalf, her Father having first declared them his Daughters afflicted Condition and the more to affect them therewith, there read to them, what he had former written of her gracious Expressions, (tho before recited ) from Octob. 4. 1661. the being present also Mr. Greensmith and Wife; also that grave Matron Mrs. A king, a Ministers Widow, with diversorth Christian Friends.

That relation the more affecting the hearts to pray for her; After these a another Minister had prayed for her, a were gone, in hopes the Lord would for way return agracious Answer, though th could fee nothing at their departure: pleased the Lord, the Evening follo ing to open her Mouth, that had be speechless for many days; then she sp

[ 13 ]

the Maid to call her Mother, and when she

me, she faid thus;

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Pray you Mother, take off these Playsters, r I would not have them; I would have no postors, or Apothecaries, for God shall be y Physician, and he will heal me: If I uld have spoken before these Playsters were a ying on, I would not have had them laid. If my Speech should be taken away ain, do not trouble me with any more things, r the Lord hath fed me with the Food of ighteousness and Gladness.

Sometimes when you laid Victuals upon e rencher, I snatcht it away; I would not deroy Gods good Creatures, when I am in my
s: If any thing lie on the Cloth before me,
ke it away. Though you take Water to wash
y mouth, there is none goeth down, for I
we no nourishment by any thing but God, no
ore than by this Rag, (taking one in her

ind; ) and to the things of this World no

ore than dirt. Her Mother had told one, at she thought her Daughter had affaults Satan, she once looked very gashly: And ow her Daughter said thus; Once I think looked gashfully, and turned my head on one le and on the other; Satan stood upon my side, and God was upon my right side, d opened the Gates of Heaven for me;

B

and he told me, Satan should not hurt me though he sought to devour me like a roaring Lion.

Something being burning, that gave he offence, she said, I perceive you burn some thing; but do not trouble me, for I cannot smell am very sore, from the crown of my head to the sole of my foot; but I am so full comfort and joy, that I do feel but little my pain; I do not know whether I shall live or die; but whether I live or die, it will well for me; I am not in trouble for me sins, God is satisfied with his Son Jest Christ, for he hath washt them away with Blood.

Another time when she had been speed dess, and began to speak, she said, I be been so full of joy and gladness, when I w

filent; I am not able to express it.

When her Mother syringed her Mou with water, she said, she could not relish i but defired to try a Syringe of Beer; which when she had, she said, It relished wor than the Water: then she desired a Syring of Milk; which when she had it, she said cannot relish any thing: But (said she) In wait upon the Lord to see what he will provide for me.

Then her Sister standing by, she sail Sister Betty, and Sister Ann, be fure y

15

me arin irst Work be in the morning to seek the Lord by Prayer, and likewise in the evening; and The rive thanks for your Food: for you cannot fome ray too often to the Lord; and though you smell annot speak such words as others have, yet beathe Lord will accept of the heart: for you do full out know how foon your speech may be taken tele may as mine was.

Il lin She defired her Mother, thus; Do not let ill woo much company be here late at night, lest or not should hinder them from seeking the Lord

Jesin duty at home.

thb She said further, When I was first ill, and pent about the House, I was not under trouble eec for my sins at all, neither am I now troubled ba with Satans temptations, for the Lord hath I werampled him under his feet.

She faid also, When I can hear or underou tand, I well tell some body, that they may shi come and read by me, for I love to hear the thic Word of God read to me, (for then she could

wer not hear).

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Another time.

She spake to the Maid to call her Mother, when her Mother came, she said, If my peech be taken away, and should be a great while so, that then I may have no Doctor, Apo-becary, or Chirurgeon come at me; and that

I may not have any more Physick given to me and be sure to take notice of my words, so they look more at the Physick than at the Power of God; and if you suffer them to give me any more things, the Lord will be angry with you, and will bring a greater of slittion upon you in some of my other Sisters I know the Lord can open the passage of me Throat in a moment, and cause me to take food; or, he may let me lie a great while in the condition; As for washing my mouth with Water, I find no more, but only to wash the Phlegm.

But I am fed with the Bread of Life, that I shall never hunger; and do drink of the Water of Life, that I shall never think

more.

Iknow not whether I shall live or die, but if I die, and if you will have a Sermon, I desire this may be the Text; the place I do not know, but the words may be comfortable to you; That David, when his Child was sick, he cloathed himself in Sackcloth, and wept; but when his Child was dead, he washed and eat Bread: For you have wept much, while I have been sick; and if I die, you have cause to rejoyce.

She faid, My Soul also was so full of comfort, that I would have spoken much more: But her speech being almost gone

me he faid, If it please the Lord that I might have my hearing and my speech, (which pould be a great miracle ) I should speak

much more.

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Novemb. 10. on the Lord's Day, the r af aid as follows; When her Mother had fyferring'd several things into her mouth; as of m first Water, which she not relishing, then take Water and Vinegar, then Vinegar and Sugar, then Milk, and none did relish with her, she said, Here is but a little comfort in the chefe; my comfort is in the Lord, There is comfort indeed: though we may feek comfort tha here, and the glory of this World, get, what the is all that? all will be nothing; when we come hirf to lie upon a Death-Bed, then we would fain have the love of God, and cannot get it : I am but full of comfort and joy. Though the Lord is n, pleased to let me lie under many pains, yet be I di knoweth what is best for his Children; he able hath enabled me, and will enable me to bear Was them; and though he should lay a hundred and times more upon me, yet will I wait upon him, for he is my stay, and the hope of my vept Salvation: My pains are nothing to the pains you of Hell, where they will never be at an end-And Christ he suffered a great deal more for me then all this is; he was bruised, buffeted, and spit upon; and they platted a Crown of ne. Thorns and put upon his Head, and gave

him Vinegar to drink: But I have several things to take, though I cannot relish them. And they came out against Christ with Swords and Staves, and Christ did not open his mouth against them; but rebukes Peter for cutting the high Priests Servants ear, and bid him put up his Sword into the Scabbard, and Jaid, Shall not I drink of the Cup that my Father hath prepared for me? Though my pains are very great, yet I am full of joy and comfort: I was very full of comfort before, but I am fuller of joy this hour than I have been yet. It is better to live Lazarus's life, and to die Lazarus's death, than to live Dives his life; he had delicates, and aftermards would have been glad to have had Lazarus dip his finger in water and cool his

Though the Lord give Satan power over my Body, yet he hath promised he shall not hurt my Soul. The Devil could not go into the Herd of Swine till Christ had given him leave: And though he stood at my left hand, and said, I am in silthy rags, yet the Lord stands at my right hand, and saith, I am but a sire-brand newly plucked out of the sire, and he will put on me his Robes of

Righteousness.

The tast night I could not stir my Head, Hand, ver Foot, but by and by the Lord did help [ 19 ]

reral lp me to move my. Head a little, and at

hem. ngth my Body.

ords O what a good God have I, that can cast his wn and raise up in a moment! But here is for ly looking at the Physician; as many, when hid ey have been sick and well again, they say, and uch a Physician, and such a Physician hath my wed them, and they neglect looking up to the my ord.

joy It is true, the Lord doth appoint the means bemake use of, but nothing will do us good, in I ccept he give a blessing to it. O that we as's ad Faith as that Woman had, that had ive ent all upon Physicians, who did her not affect and then came and touch'd the Hem of had hrists Garment; and when Christ felt vertis us go out of him, he asked his Disciples, tho touched him? then she trembled, but hrist said, Rise up Daughter, thy Faith ath made thee whole.

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Of the Expressions of an hopeful Child the daughter of Mr. Edward Scar field, that was but eleven years of Age in March, 1661. Gathered from a Letter written by one fearing God, that lived in the House with the Child.

N August last, this Child was sick of I Feaver; in which time, she faid to her Father, ( who is a holy, humble precious man,) I am afraid, I am not prepared to die; and fell under much trouble of Spirit being ferifible, not only of actual fins, but of her lost estate without Christ, in unbelief, (as Ephef. 2. 12. John 16.8, 9.) and the wept bitterly, crying out thus, My fins are greater than I can bear, I doubt God will not forgive them : telling her Father, I am in unbelief, and I cannot believe: Yet she was drawn out to pray many times in those words of Psal. 25. For thy names Sake, O Lord, pardon my sin, for it is great. Thus the lay oft mourning for fin, and faid, had rather have Christ than health. She would

[ 2I ]

epeat many promises of God's Mercy and Grace, but faid, she could not believe.

When she had been complaining, that he was not prepared; her Father opening he Bible, his eyes first fixed upon these words, (in Pfal. 10. 17.) Lord, thou wilt repare the heart, thou wilt cause thine ear to s of year; and he bid her take notice of the ered Lord's providence therein, ordering the ring pening of the Book, and his eyes to pitch the on these words. The next day, when she was mourning for fin, he opening it again, his eyes fixed on those words in Marth. 5. of Blessed are they that mourn, for they shall be her omforted. He bid her observe that Proviion lence alfo. But as yet her time was not d a ome, and the still mourned under her unrit belief.

car.

but The next day, being then the 24th of be the 6th month 1661. he praying that mornand ng with his godly Family, (as his usual fins vay hath been for many years to pray with hem, and read the Scriptures, or catechife hem daily morning and evening); Behold the and see what gracious encouragement the ofe Lord gave him in his Service, as he was O praying to this effect, (That we might not sus ook for any thing in us to rest in, or trust, I into for our justification to stand righteous ld efore God; but onely in Jesus Christ alone, Lierd who

who died for our sins at Jerusalem, and roagain for our justification.) Whilst he was praying to that effect, the Lord raised he Soul up to believe; as she told her Fathe when Prayer was ended, Now I believe to Christ, and I am not afraid of Death.

After this, she said, I had rather die that sin against God. Since that time she had continued quiet in mind; as one that hat

peace with God.

As for this young Child, I have been comforted in seeing her, and hearing he answer some Questions propounded to he

five years ago.

Her Father saith, that since she was five years old, he remembred not that eithers Lie, or an Oath, hath ever come out of her mouth; neither would she have wrong ed any to the value of a Pin.

Henry Jeffey

Here ends the first Part.

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Here follows now some of the Fruits of Mr. Abraham Chear's spare hours improvement, whilst a Prisoner: Made and directed to some he was nearly related to, and dearly affected.

Remember now thy Creator in the dayes of thy Youth.

Sweet Children, Wisdom you invites, to hearken to her Voice; she offers to you rare delights, most worthy of your choice. Eternal blessings in his wayes, you shall be sure to find; Oh! therefore in your youthful dayes, your great Creator mind.

The joys that other pleasure brings, with vanities abound:
Nay, when in straits they take them wings, Vexations they are found.

Your

[ 24 ] nus decayes

Your very Vitals thus decayes, and torments leave behind: Oh! therefore in your youthful days, your Great Creator mind.

They may affect depraved sense while they subject your Reason;
They say, to conscience, Get you hence, and sear it for a season.
But though a kind of settish ease, you hereby seem to find.

I beg you in your youthful dayes, your Great Creator mind.

The dreadful danger heed I pray, of such strange wayes at length; When you have sin'd your time away, and wasted all your strength; Be sure in chains of darkness, these your hands and feet will bind:
Oh! therefore in your youthful days, your Great Creator mind.

Observe how Poor and mortal men, their precious seasons spend,
To satisfie those lusts, but then must perish in the end.
This saving-Countel, would you please upon your heart to bind:
Oh! in your early youthful days, your Great Creator mind.

Upon a World, vain, toylfom, foul, a journey now you enter:
The welfare of your living foul, you dang'roully adventure,
If as the iffue of your wayes,
you've happiness design'd:
Oh! in your early youthful days

[ 25 ] Friends, Parents, all who you affect, observe your budding spring; Your prosperous Summer they expect a fruitful Crop will bring: A witness in this Age to raise, to Grace of every kind: Oh! then in these your youthful dayes, your Great Creator mind. Young Isaac's, who lift up their eyes, and meditate in Fields: Young Faceb's who the Bleffing prize, this Age but seldom yields. ew Samuel's leaving their playes. to Temple Work refign'd: few do, as these, in youthful dayes, their great Creator mind. low precious Obadiab's be. that feared God in youth; low feldom Timothy's we fee. verst in the Word of Truth! ew babes and Sucklings publish praise, th' Avengers Rage to bind. h! then in these your youthful dayes, your Great Creator mind. ew tender-hearted Youths, as was Fosiah, Fudah's King, losannah in the high'ft (alas) how feldom Children Sing? outh's rarely ask for Zion's wayes. they'd rather pleasure find: ut oh! in these your youthful dayes, your Great Creator mind.

hat Children Pulse and Water chuse, continually to eat;

Rather

[ 28 ]

Rather then Conscience should accuse, for tasting Royal Meat?

Would you not bow, a King to please, though tortures were behind?

Oh! then in these your youthful dayes, your Great Creator mind.

12.

Those worthy Mirrors of their Age, obtain'd a precious Name;

Their living Pattern should engage your souls to do the same.

And though in this strait narrow way, you few Companions find;

The rather in your youthful day, your Great Creator mind.

13.

How worthy Christ is, could you learn, to claim your Flower and Prime; And how well pleasing itis, discern

to dedicate your time:

You pleasantly would make essayes, to get your Souls enclin'd,

And gladly in your youthful dayes, your Great Creator mind.

This Garland wreath'd of youthful flowers to Jesus you would bring:

This Morn made up of golden Hours, You would present the King.

You'd humbly bow without delayes, Grace in his fight to find;

And gladly now, and all your dayes, your Great Creator mind.

More of Mr. Chear's Verses,
Written to a young Virgin, Anno 1663.
Sweet Child, When I bethink what need there is of
For precious souls to save themselves from source;

bat Satan, as a subtile Fowler, tayes. To take and keep them captive all their dayes in youthful folly, and in sensual rest, To keep them off from being truly blest: Vhat strange devices be bath to expel beir thoughts of Judgment, Death, of Heaven, or Hell; And minding what engagements on me lie, To you and others, Christ to testifie: This Song, I thought, you now and then might fing! If God would follow it, to mind to bring four state by Nature, and the Gospel-Path, To set you free from everlasting Wrath. f morn by morn you in this Glass will dress you. have some bopes that God by it may bless you. X7Hen by Spectators I am told, what Beauty doth adorn me: Or in a Glass, when I behold, how sweetly God did form me. Hath God such comlines display'd and on me made to dwell? Tis pitty, fuch a pretty Maid, as I, should go to Hell. When all my Members I compare, form'd by my Maker's hand; In what sweet order, strait and fair, each part together fland: How in the use of these might I. in Virtue's Walks excell-Tis pitty, when I come to die all these should go to Hell-Doth God my Ornaments provide of foft and good aray; The which this Age converts to pride, I am as vain as they. But when the thoughts of Pride intice, fuch temptings I should quell;

By serious heeding this advice, I must take heed of Hell.

If Parents industry and care, fould by the Lord be bleft,

That they large Portions could prepare,

for me and all the reft:

Though many Suitors this invites, my Fortunes might excell:

What would become of these delights, if I should go to Hell?

Should Wisdom, Breeding, Parts conspire, my spreading same to raise:

Should Courtly Ladies me admire, and my perfections praise.

Though for Endowments, rare and high, from all I bear the Bell:

What would these toys avail, if I at length be lodg'd in Hel?

If to feek Pleasures, Pastimes, Sports, My fancy should be bent;

Which City, Countrey, Town, or Court, to please me can invent:

Though thus to fatisfie my luft, with greediness I fell;

By weeping-Cross, return I must or else go quick to Hell.

Doth Beauty fuch corruption hide?

Do costly Garments nourish pride?

hath Treasure such deceit?

Do compliments breed vanity?
doth pleasure Grace expel?

How little reason then have I for these to go to Hell?

1 29 T

is time I should without delayes. my future flate bethink; hrough God's forbearance, at my dayes of ignorance did wink. epentance he doth now expect. and learning to do well; or plainly he doth this detect; this broad way leads to Hell.

o chuse the new and living way, the Gospel doth beseech me; The heart of Jesus, day by day, is open'd to enrich me. he tenders of New-Cov'nant Grace. would fin and guilt expel; The promis'd Spirit would me place, fafe from the lowest Hell.

Would Christ my Spirit lead along. these tenders to embrace, should have matter for a Song. to praise his Glorious Grace. How first of goodness I was seiz'd. from what a ftate I fell; To what a glory God hath rais'd. a Fire-brand pluckt from Hell!

#### To my Cousin T. H. at School:

Ind Kinsman! Compliments apart, Yet love exprest, with all my beart; While I betbought what way was best. To gratifie a strong request; And bow to reach the proper end, That was affign'd me by a Friend; That I would write a serious Line, Tour tender Spirit to incline, If possibly, from wanton things, Which to carry poy soned stings,

C 3

And kindly to attract your eye, From vanity to things on high: My thoughts to Meetre were inclin'd, As thinking on a Scholars mind, It might at first with fansie take, And after deep impressions make: Which ( oh! ) if God would but inspire, Convince of folly, raise defire; Discover Beauty, kindle Love, Fix your delight on things above; These weak endeavours then may stand As Christ's remembrancers at band. To warn you, Folly to avoid, Which bath such multitudes destroy'd; And thence your nobler part incline, To Meditations more Divine ; Which have a faculty to raife, Immortal Souls to frames of praise. By means of which, when you obtain, Your spirit in a serious Strain > When vanity bath least respect, And thoughts are fittest to reflect; Then from your Treafure you may bring This brief Soliloquie, and Sing,

Come Soul! let you and I
A few discourses have:
Shall we bethink, how near the brink
We border of the Grave?
Shall we surveigh our time,
How vainly it is spent;
How youthful dayes consume in wayes,
Which Age must needs repent?
The things which others please;
What profit do they merit?
What are the Toyes, of wanton Boyes,
To an immortal Spirit?
How will our Reckoning pass,
Of Pastime, Pleasure, Play,

When

[ 31 ]

Then every thought and Deed is brought,
Unto the Judgment Day?
Would not our time and ftrength,
Be better far imploy'd,
every thought, were thus wrought,
How Christ may be injoy'd?
Should not a young man's way,
Be ordered by the word?
hould not his mind, be still inclin'd,
To know and fear the Lord?
If we behold our Frame,
Our Parts and Powers compare;
ure, God intends some glorious ends,
To form a piece so rare.

#### A Letter fent to a Friend's Child.

weet Child, I pray you, think not long, 're I have sent my Prison-Song; turn, after a godly sort, our tongue, and thoughts, from sinful sport, ray let it frequently be brought, tith holy fear upon your thought; and when indeed your Soul is bent n things that are most permanent. Then least to foolish mirth inclin'd, ben from the treasure of your mind, bis serious Song, you forth may bring, tith Gospel-Melody, and sing,

Ord what a Worm am I?
what could'ft thou her espie?
hat ever thou, should'ft humbly bow,
On me to cast an eye?
What kind of love is this?
What reason can it have?
hall God through Grace, himself abase,
So vile a Wretch to save;

[ 32 ]

How firangely was I made?
How curiously adorn'd?
I was at first, an heap of dust,

Which fin hath quite deform'd.

My Matter, Earth and Clay, Form'd by a Power Divine:

Sure, God would hide, all cause of pride, From every thought of mine.

My Childish thoughts would cease, On vanity to stay,

Could I bethink, I'm on the brink Of danger day by day.

Temptations lead to fin; Sin doth of good bereave me:

Cloathes, Beauty, Strength, and Life at Length Are all at hand to leave me.

Why then should gay attire, Yield so much food to pride?

What glory's in a beauteous skin, That so much filth doth hide?

Why should the fond delights Of Parents puff me up?

Such boundless love, doth often prove,
To both a bitter Cup.

Why should the highest joys Of Sin Subject my reason?

The finful Sports of Princes Courts, Last only for a season.

Lord, let my Soul be rais'd, And all its powers incline,

On Eagles Wings, to follow things, that are indeed Divine.

Those depths that from the wife Thou pleasest to conceal; Mysterious things, obscur'd from Kings,

To me a Babe reveal.

T'hat

[ 33 ]

That from an Infants Mouth,
A Sucklings Lips inspir'd;
hy glorious Name, may purchase fame,
And Christ be more admir'd.

Let me thy Beauty see,
Thy Countenance behold;
hy Rayes of Grace, fixt in my face;
More rich than Massy Gold.

Let Royal Robes of Praise, And Righteousness adorn me, hich may me bring, before the King, However Mortals scorn me.

Let Treasure of thy Grace, A Portion rich endow me; lasting Bags, though here in Rags, Men scarce a bit allow me.

If Comeliness I want,
Thy Beauty may I have;
hall be fair, beyond compare,
Though cripled to my Grave.

And if above it all,
To Christ I married be;
y living Springs, Oh King of Kings,
Will still run fresh in thee.

pon a Bible fent as a Token to a Virgin, wherein the Worth of the holy Scripture is minded.

While I was mufing what was best, unto your hands to send; hat of your Souls eternal rest, my care I might commend: he Holy Scriptures I bethought, oft tendring to your heart, hat your affections might be brought, to chuse the better part.

There

6-34 There you may read what guilt of fin into the World you brought; And fince that filthiness hath bin, in Word, in Deed, in Thought: How God's long-fuffering, fins have preft, as Sheaves do press a Cart; And nothing else can make you bleft, but Mary's better part. That God hath holy jealous eyes, the Scriptures do unfold; By which heart-fecrets he espies, yet cannot fin behold. Through shades of Death, and darkeft night, these piercing Beams do dart; He looks on nothing with delight, but on that better part. With flaming fire you also read, a Judgment Day defign'd, Where every idle Thought and Deed, must righteous Sentence find. There Kings stand naked, Death hath hurld their Robes and Crowns apart; Then, but too late, they'l give the World for Mary's better Part. Then to have Jesus Christ ones own, will be admired Grace; To fland with boldness at the Throne, and see the Father's Face. To fit on Thrones, when Christ shall say, Ye wicked ones depart. But come ye bleffed in my day, ye chose the better part. The tenders of his Grace fo rich, here Jesus doth display,

He scarlet-sinners doth beseech,

his Gospel to obey:

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[ 35 ]

o let fin fettered Captives free, and heal the broken heart; He begs them on the bended knee, to chuse the better part.

Deep Mystries of eternal Love,
hid from the Saints of old;
To Babes and Sucklings from Above,
these Scriptures do unfold:
Not in the words of frothy Wits,
or humane terms of Art;
But such simplicity as fits,
the Spirit's better part.

The glory of the Father's Face, the burning Law declares:

The beauty of Christ's precious Grace, the Gospel here prepares.

Both Grace and Glory here unite, to heal fins deadly finart, The Spirit, and the Bride invite,

to chuse this better part.

The bleffed Truths display'd herein, all your dear pleasures make; Its sharp rebukes of every fin, as healing Balsam take.

For though conviction to the flesh, so bitter seem, and tart,

Yet is their issue to refresh and heal the better part.

Oh! then upon this Word of Truth place high and great efteem:
This point of Wisdom learn in youth,

your precious time redeem.

To knowChrist's from a stranger's Voice, account the highest Art;

Your richeft Treasure is your choice of Mary's better part.

A Poetical Meditation, wherein the Usefulnes Excellency, and several perfections of the h ly Scriptures are briefly hinted: perform by J. C. but turn'd into more familiar ver for the use of Children, by Abr. Chear.

A Mong thy glorious Gifts, Lord, thou thy Word hast given, Precious and pure, sweet, holy, sure, To guide me hence to Heaven.

Here I abound with straits, Wants and necessities,

There I have store, heap't running o're, With plemteous rich supplies.

Temptations here abound,
With terrors, dangers, fears,
These petty Hells thy Word expels,
and all my passage clears

When Satan fiercely shoots, His fiery darts at me;

Then, Lord, thy Word is Shield and Sword, Me faves, and makes them flee.

The present World commends Its Objects fresh and fair;

But yet thy Word doth that afford Which proves more precious Ware.

When fleshly lusts intice To their alluring pleasure;

To rare delights thy Word invites.

More choice in weight and measure.

The Errors of the Times,
Their cheating Wares display;
But Scripture sayes, shun Errors wayes,
My Rule shall guide your way.

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[ 37 ] When by the Tempter's Wiles, I tempted am to fin; y thy Word's Art, hid in my heart, Both Field and Prize I win. Nay, though I foiled be, And fin defile my Soul, hy Word can cleanse these noisom Dens. And fins best strength controul. An unbelieving heart, Do I till now inherit: ord, thy Word hath pow'r to work Faith, By thy most Holy Spirit. If this be my Disease, An hard and ftony heart; hy Word thus deals, first kills, then heals, And cures me by this smart. Will not my frozen heart With Gospel Grace comply; hy Royal Law, this heart can thaw, And cause a weeping eye. oth lofty towring thoughts Puff up my tempted Breaft; hy Word brings low, the proudeft Foe, Less makes me than the leaft. muttering thoughts, arise, Grudge, murmur, or repine; ly Rod and Word, teach patience, Lord, And still these thoughts of mine. Am I tongue-ty'd in Prayer. And know not what to fay, by Word inspires, praying defires, Tell's how and what to pray. When like a loft Sheep I In darkness err and stray;

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[ 38 ]

Thy Word's a light, most clear and bright, And guides me in my way.

And defitute of eyes;

Thy Word's a Rule, Master and School, To make its Scholars wife.

I fee my felf undone, Diffressed, naked, poor,

Thy Words infold a Mine of Gold, Rich Pearls, and precious store.

By finful Nature I And God are still at odds,

Thy Word my Soul converteth whole, From Satan's Will to God's.

Do Troubles from without, And floods of inward Grief,

My Soul torment? Thy Word is lent With Joy and Soul-relief.

Or, is my Soul perplext

With reasonings, doubts, and fears?
Thy Word of Grace resolves the Case,

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My cloudy Judgment clears.

Or, no despairing thoughts My tempted Soul o'ertake?

Thy Word doth give me hopes to live, For Christ my Saviour's sake.

When Floods and Multitude Of troubl'd Thoughts me press,

I call to mind thy Word, and find It does my Soul refresh.

Tho' in this Vale of Tears I thirft, faint, hunger, pine,

Thy Word me feeds in these my Needs, It's Bread, and Milk, and Wine. [ 39 ]

Or, am I weakned out,
And cannot walk alone?
Thy Word then is strength to my knees,
And Staff to lean upon.

And though in scorn and pain,
Forsook, and poor I be,
Thy Word alone, hath all in one,
Health, Wealth, Friends all to me.

Thus though my pained Soul
Be fick, and wounded fore,
With grievous fin, which doth begin,
To fester more and more.

Thy Word directs me where,
My healing may be had,
Ind doth me guide, to Christ's pierc'd fide,
For Balm of Gilead.

Nay, though no life at all, Nor quickning there remain; Thy Word is good, and living Food, Which fetcheth life again.

And if I would defire,
A Life that lasts for ever,
The Scripture shows, whence water flows,
To drink and perish never.

Bleft be the Lord my God, Who evermore provides, and filleth full, my empty Soul, With Food that still abides.

My Soul! O bless the Lord, Who bounteously hath given, trength, light, guide, way, lest thou stray, In this thy way to Heaven.

This Holy Book of God,
These Sentences, these Lines;
ach Word and Letter, to me are better
Than Pearls and golden Mines.

[ 40 ]

'Tis Heaven it self transcrib'd,
And Glory lively pen'd;
God's Truth, no doubt, was copied out,
When he his Gift uid send!
It's Truth brought forth to light:

It's Truth brought forth to light; God did hereby intend,

Man's word should fall, Heaven, Earth, and all, But this should never end,

Dear Soul, admiring stand, At that blest Hand and Quill; That did produce, for sinners use, Th'eternal Sovereign Will.

Aftonished admire,
The Author too; and when,
Thou canst not raise, sufficient praise,
With wondering say Amen.

### To my Cousin John H.

Sweet John, I send you here, A Song by heart to learn; Not it to say, as Parrets may, But wisely to discern.

Oh! lay it deep to heart, And mind it well I pray, God grant you Grace, to grow a pace,

God grant you Grace, to grow a pace, In virtue day by day.

As yet a Child you be, And childish Toyes do please you; But you'l complain, they all are vain,

When ever Grace shall seize you. Nay when convictions come.

In Gospel Power, and Truth; Yon'l surely cry, Ah wretch am I. Thus to have spent my youth!

Child

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41

In things not to be nam'd:

las! what praise was in those dayes,

Whereof I'm now asham'd.

Dear John, then lay to heart, This needful timely hint, Before the day, of which you'l fay, What pleasure have Fin't?

Begin to mind the Lord,
Who form'd you out of dust;
And did you raise, to shew his praise;
Him love and fear you must.

In things that are of Earth,
Spend not your youthful firength;
Its joys and cares, are all but snares,
To mischief you at length.

Where Christ in glory sits,
Place there your prime delight;
Let things above have all your love.
Your time, care, mind, and might.

From whom you have your name

Though from his birth, liv'd mean on earth, . A shining Light became.

He chose a Desart life,

Fed hard, was coorse attir'd,

He lest the sport, of Herod's Court,

Though he was there admir'd.

Sin he reprov'd in all,

And kept true witness clear:

He never sought, himself in ought,

That Christ might more appear.

Another John you find,
The lov'd Disciple nam'd;
Who lean'd for rest on Jesus brest,
With Gospel-love inslam'd.

D13

To

[ 42 ]

To every Truth of Christ,
A witness bold he bare;
Though an Exile, in Patmos-Isse,
Choice Visions he had there.

A Pattern if they be,
To you in word and deed,
Jebovah's eye, will make supply,
To whatsoe'er you need.

#### To my Coulin Sam. B.

Dear Cousin Sam. my pretty Lamb, this Song to you I fend; What-ever play, aside you lay, learn this from end to end.

With God begin, take heed of fin, know Jesus out of hand.

Betimes you must, slee youthful lust, its first assaults withstand.

Spend not your dayes, in wanton playes, though naughty Boys intice:

They first begin, with little sin, but end in deadly vice.

If naughty Boys, allure with Toys, to fin, or lies to tell;

Then tell them plain, you tempt in vain, fuch wayes go down to Hell.

God's holy Eye, our faults do fpy, and will to Judgment call us,

We must fear God, more than the Rod, or ought that can befal us.

How oft have I, been like to die?

Chuse whom you will, to follow still, Thrist must love and fear;

Father's

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athers best Boy, and Mothers joy,
I then shall surely be;
And that that's best of all the rest,
God will provide for me.

## To my Cousin W. L.

Ear Child, although my Father's Will in Prison me hath bound; Through uprightness, and patience fill, my comforts here are found. The presence of a gracious God, doth this a Palace make; t makes the bitter of the Rod, be sweet for Jesus sake. But oh! when guilt brings any here in Fetters to be bound; Because of God they had no fear, but were in evil found: To fuch it is a dreadful place, here guilt to judgment binds them; Where if they don't repent apace, Death, Wrath, and Vengeance finds them. Of you, dear Child, with carefulness, my heart hath many a thought; est you through youthful wantonness, to greater fins be brought: and fo by adding lin to fin, you waste your time and strength; and when your judgment doth hegir, in vain you mourn at length. charge you then, in any fort, your Great Creator mind;

Spend

Spend not your youthful dayes in sport, that cannot be regain'd.

Avoid those rude and wicked Boys, that make a mock of fin;

Love not their playes, and finful Toys, to fear the Lord begin.

Keep close to School, read Scriptures oft, in private learn to pray.

Your Gospel-grounds keep still in thought,... Your Parents both obey.

Your Brethren love, and teach them good, a Christian learn to be;

Then God will give you clothes and food. and you'l be dear to me.

## To my Kinsman A. L.

AY pretty Child, remember well, you must your wayes amend; For wicked Children go to Hell, that way their courses tend. But heark to me, if you to be the Child of God delire; The broad and open road must flee, which multitudes admire. Strive every day to mend your way, learn Christ while you are young; Take conftant heed, to every deed, to heart, feet, hands and tongue. You may be quickly fick, and die, and put into the Grave; From whence to Judgment you must fly, and righteous Sentence have. Learn then to fear, while you live here, with Christ your time imploy,

Be

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Labour to live and die as one, that leaves the Yorld with joy. My strength in cries I shall imploy,

that God will blefs your youth; I can have nothing like this joy, My Children walk in truth.

# To my youngest Kinsman R. L.

MY little Cousin, if you'l be your Uncles dearest Boy, You must take heed of every deed, that would your Soul destroy. You must not curse, nor fight, nor. steal, nor fpend your time in games, Nor make a lie, whate'er you ail, nor call ungodly names. With wicked Children do not play, for fuch to Hell will go; The Devils Children fin all day, but you must not do lo. Regin, I pray, to learn that way, that doth to Heaven tend: O learn a little, day by day, which leadeth to that end. For God and good men love fuch Boyes, and will them good things give; Father and Mother will rejoyce, and I in comfort live.

# Another to a Child, Afifting on Pfal. 119.9.

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Since I am naturally bent,
to take delight in Songs;
A Friend from Prison one hath sent,
that to my Soul belongs:
Which when I sing, he doth intreat,
I would not mind my play,
But frequently with weight repeat,
How may I cleanse my way?

It is the use of such as I,
to Dance; and Play, and sing;
Or else to lie, and rail, and cry,
for will in everything.
Why should our wantonness be crost,
or pleasures night and day?
We fear no danger to be lost;
what need we cleanse our way?

Should we our jovial Play-mates shun,
when we return from Schools;
Should we not fight, and climb, and run,
we should be counted fools,
If in the Hedges, Streets, and Fields,
our sports you take away;
What good will food and rayment yield;
why should we change our way?

When up to Youth and Strength we grow,
'tis brave to have our wills;
To heed no check whate're we do,
of luft to take our fills:
To fight, drink, game, to swear and curse,
to lie out night and day;

47

To foend and whore, grow worse and worse. What youth will cleanle his way?

Tis true, the Holy Scriptures teach. our Catechisms tell :

ome Ministers we hear do preach. Youths muft take beed of Hell.

Our Parents at our wildness grieve.

exhort, reprove and pray; But after all, we scarce believe.

we need to cleanle our way.

We see some that were thought the best, their high profession leaving ;

And greedily, as do the reft,

to earth and Pleafure cleaving.

No check of Conscience doth apppear. in what they do or fav;

This greatly hardens us from fear, or thoughts to cleanle our way.

With Cart-ropes to draw youthful luft. this day all help affords;

It 'tis a sport, Christ's bonds to burst,

and caft away his Cords,

If one from wickedness diffent. he makes himself a prey;

This yeelds but small encouragement, for youth to cleanle his way.

As the young Ass that snuffs the wind, Youth loves to have its swinge; But hatesattempts, its luft to bind,

or liberty infringe.

Yet there's a month, in which the Lord, our full career can flay.

And can, according to his Word,

turn, change, and cleanse our way.

No less than an Almighty Power, fuch torrents can withftand,

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The influences of this hour, tempt with so high a hand, Amongst a thousand, scarce one Lad, (with weepings we may say)

Of whom affurance may be had, he strives to cleanse his way.

Oh! with what grief upon their wayes, fhould Parents then reflect;

Whose fawning in our infant dayes, doth Word and Rod neglect;

Till our incorrigible years, are apt by deeds to fay,

Although ye break your heart with tears, we will not cleanse our way.

Were our Salvation their defign, our Souls their highest care; They would be careful to decline, all steps that might ensure, What holy walks, before our fight,

as Patterns should they lay;
Which might endear us with delight,

berimes to cleanse our way?

Above deep learning, breeding, wit, they for us Grace would prize,

Rich Trades, or Stocks, compar'd with it,

The greatest Matches they could find, with heaps of yellow Clay;

Were no preferment to their mind, like to a cleanled way.

To a Virgin inclining to enquire after the Lord,

A Soliloquie.

Ome pray thee, Precious Soul of mine, let's feriously retire;

and under eye and aid Divine, God's Oracles enquire. Call-in those thoughts that range about, it will make with awfulness incline, To get this question out of doubt Is fefus truly mine? t's high time now to fix our thought, O let time paft fuffice, That we the lufts of fleft have wrought. in youthful vanities. What profit in those wayes is found, which down to Hell decline; What real pleasure can redound, if Christ be none of mine? Fis true, a Maid can scarce forget, her ornamental tire; The Virgins her at nought will let, whose eye is fixed higher. But should I my bright morning wasts to make me trim and fine; Twill be but bitterness at laft. if Christ be none of mine. With Dinah should I gad to fee, the Daughters of the Land; ly intimates, if fuch thould be, who Chrift don't understand: ly complements, and gate might I, as is the mode, refine; lut wretched should I live and die. if Christ be none of mine. or if through deep convictions I my vain Companions leave; nd to the Saints, for company, in dear affections cleave. hough they as Angels speak to me, fweet words as spited Wine: f what advantage could it be. Christ be none of mine?

Of his inestimable worth, if! by Saints am told; Or how the Gospel sets him forth, transcending heaps of Gold : Warding Though one among a thousand he. in full perfection thine; What will this Glory be tome, if Christ be none of mine? If by reforming I effay, felf-righteoutness should fland; I may conjedure I obey, the Law's exact command. " a di Nay, to the Gospel's outward call, who my steps I may refine; Yet fhort of glory I shall fall, If Chrift be none of mine. How Satan acts an Angel's part, I cannot well difcern; The windings of a treacherous heart. I cannot quickly learn: How close hypocrifie in all, may hide it's deep defign; The flatelyeft Structure then muft fall,

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Of a Child somewhat indulged by reason Sickliness.

I F any would my Age be told,
this answer they may have;
A weakly Child of ten years old,
oft very near the Grave.
My Life's a wonder to my Friends,
continued to this day;
And doubtless is for higher ends,
then eat, and drink and play.

if Christ be none of mine.

To those things Childhood is inclin'd, 309 1 10 A lu etint siz yea, to great evils bending; and little doth it heed or mind, to what fuch wayes are tending. Parents give us our contents, and take delight to pleafe us; We little lay to heart events, though dreadful Plagues should feize us. ome Parent in this finful Age, will no waves crofs our course; Whilst other's filthy rayling rage, to desp'rate wayes enforce. at did the love and fear of God, in Parents hearts bear fway, nd were the doll ine of the Rod their study day by day. Vere their and our iniquities, more deeply laid to heart; a way not of heide to L oid love to our immortal Souls of fondnels get the ftart, and and sale of contract hey'd learn, with gravity, to fmile, and tenderne is to fmite; orrect and pitty all the while, rebuke, and yet delight. hastisements would with teaching meet, reproofs be fharp, yet mild; od's admonition would be fweet. The second second and wholfome to the Child. e should grow flexibe and kind, great guilt it would prevent; his early, with a willing mind, would lead us to repent. would feem bitter to the flesh, totravel thus again; ht ah! the forming Christ afresh, will pay for all this pain. Their curios nearest and

A Dialogue betwixt the Love of Christ and the lusts of the Flesh; written by the said Abr. Chear, setting forth the deceits nature of sin, in its alluring the Soul from goodness, to its ruine and destruction; and the powerful influence of Christ love, engaging to an early imbracing his invitations to a well grounded hope of everlasting Glory.

#### Its Prologue.

Refpected Friend,

I am oblig'd to tell you what's a doing; There are at band to you defign'd for woing, Two fair-spoke Suitors, both look fair and fielh, The love of Jesus, and the luft of Flesh. They are Co-rivals, each Proposals brings, As if the Heirs apparent of some Kings, Had terms to tender to engage your favour, of such vast Interests their offers savour. Hear now, and well observe a stander-by, Who long bath known bow their concerns do lie. And who by dear experience bath been saught, To what refult such suits are often rought : If from his great defire you be bleft, And in your choice reach everlafting reft. He offers dear-bought light to guide your min That to the better part it be inclin'd; He shews a little, in a bome-spun stile, The one's simplicity, the other's Guile.
What Rocks they came of, and their old descents ; Their various treasures, and their plain intents,

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That are their qualities, their differing ends; To what plain issue each proposal tends. Their fundry overtures your love to gain, In way of Dialogue betwirt them twain. The Love of Christ. a; OWeet Virgin stop, let Wisdom drop, a word becoming Kings: bis Pray be enclin'd, to bend your mind, unto Coelestial things. Ibeg your love, for things Above; nay, all your Powers I claim: I would adorp, your youthful morn, and crown your early aim. The Luft of the Flesh. Shoul lany thought to mind be brought, that interrupts your quiet : Shall Virgins weep, difturb their fleep, defert their needful diet? Tush, drink in Plate, and recreat TO LAC your lively youthful Spirit, Seek Courtly things, delight in Kings, naviorisvo I which may proclaim your merit. add for roams The Love of Christ. While Flesh pretends, these pleasing ends, its dire intents it hides; But pray awake, for Jefus fake, while day of Grace abides. Flesh lulls its Guefts. between its Breafts, convictions to expel; But deadly charms, are in its arms; its Guefts are lodg'd in Hell. Holy Shanger The Luft of the Flesh. What strange conceits, what filly cheats,. would drive thy joys away? These Preachers tell, but dreams of Hell, of the Judgment day. B 3

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'I'wil ne'rdo well, till mirth expely:
fuch fullen dumps as these;
The Timbrel bring, come dance and sing;
eat, drink, and take thine ease.

The Love of Christ

The childish toys, may make a noise, to please the carnal heart;
But all the while, they but beguile, nay wound the better part,
One glimps of love, seal'd from above, these highest joys transcends;
From deeps 'twill raise, to heights of praise, when that in torment ends.

The Luft of the Flefb.

Shall wordy winds, on gallant minds, fuch deep impressions make;
That for a sound, of things unsound, they joys in Hand for sake?
This day invites, to rare delights, all Ladies who design,
To've fortunes rais'd, and beauties prais'd, embrace these Paths of mine.

The Love of Christ.

Alas at length, you'd lose your firength, mirth, beauty, sport, and pleasure;
And when too late, lament your state, your mispent time and treasure.

They's take them wings, and leave you stings, with venom, guilt; and smart;
Then while 'tis day, I humbly pray, thuse Mary's better part.

The Luft of the Flost.

Are fuch things fit, that clogs your wit, which now to heights a force?

Such doatings leave, fill age bereave,

[55]

your warbling Princely firala;
Courtly Modes, with amorous odes,
your Gallants entertain.

The Love of Christ.

how flightly youths effects, how flightly youths effects heir nobler parts their precious hearts, which Earth cannot redeem.

which Earth cannot redeem.

whardly brought, to turn a thought, from Objects thus depray'd;

hough Jefus cries. Oh!fix your eyes on me, and be ye fav'd.

The Luft of the Flesh.

or fome grave Cloystered Nun;
re counted blots, not beauty-spots;
where Fame's but now begunash, rather prize those Comedies,
and rare Romances use;
ttend resorts, to Princely sports,
and shades for interviews.

The Love of Christ.

hat pitty 'tis, such trash as this, with Heaven-born Souls should take; hile Jesus stands, with stretch'd-out hands, rich overtures to make. old try'd in Fire, and rich Attire, do your acceptance crave; Crown of Bliss, prenared is, When each an end shall have. he treaty stops, but here, you have a tast your friend hathlonging, that you may be Chast elerv'd a Virgin, and brought such to Christ By love constrained, not by just inticit.

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wour werbilest Princile fire A Description of an Elect Person, in his three-fold state, by Nature, Grace, and Glay; Collected by Va. Powel, in the close of his Catechism; translated into familiar Verse, for Childrens better te membrance, by A. Chear.

#### Ejaculation.

My bleffed Father, when my heart enclines. To fing this Song, or but to read these lines. Let me thy Spirits Power, or leadings find, To form their lively likeness on my mind, Work deep convictions, and an boly fear, To think what am I, or what once I were. And into fellowship, Lord let it guide me. With all this Grace the Gospel doth provide me; That I may claim what this thy record faith, By found experience, and unfeigned Faith; And let the hope of yonder Glory raise My Soul to close with those reflects of praise.

(1.)

Nature. DY Nature, and as out of Christ, D born of the flesh was I; Grace. By Grace, and as I stand in Christ, I'm new born spiritually. Glory. In Glory I with Christ shall raign, and Heavenly freedom have. Refl. Lord! what is Man, that thou shouldst dag

so vile a Wretch to save?

4 77 1	30
with quietaels inherit.	. Natures.
out now a. Warfare I do find,	Grace.
betwise my flesh and spirit.	G/me,
The spirit promised, at length,	Glory.
all glorious will make me.	TANK T CONSTR
For that his War's above my frength,	Reft.
let not my Christ forsake me.	and Valley
(3.). 20 Mg	in the second
My fenfual lufts to fatisfie,	Grace.
aft fhy War I waged.	11.5
But now for walking spiritually,	Nature.
my spirit stands ingaged.	Grace.
Nay, by Christ's quickning power at !	afti Glory
transform'd I wait to be-	Con A L
lord! what am I that thou fould'ft .ca	A, Refl.
a look of love on me?	
4 (4)	
To that which fleffly pleafore brings,	Nature.
I wholly bent my mind;	Colora Doo
But now unto the Spirit's things	Grace.
I chiefly fand inclin'd-	Glory
At length my glorifyed eyes, fuch fights a lose shall fee.	Giorge
Lord! what am I that thou fhould's pr	ize, Refl.
fo poor a Worm as me?	land a land
193 B HO (3.1) AND BIA	
	Nature.
By finful Nature I was dead,	Addition Born
in trespasses and fins; By Gospel grace now quickened,	Grace.
my Soul to live begins.	Grave. Alco
The day approacheth, when from fig,	Glorya
I shall be wholly free.	16 17 ( F. 642)
Lord! what am I that thou haft been,	REFE
at fo great coft on me ?	
4 4 30 31 10 31 10 01 th	6, In
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Nature. In fin, as in my proper place, .same) I was well pleas'd to lie; But now I firive to walk by Grace, Grace. Glory

in all simplicity.

Marine.

Grant.

Glory. I shall presented be at last. MSA. as my dear Christ is pure.

What love is this, that Christ fo chaft, Refl. fhould fuch a Wretch indure?

(7.)

Nature. Subjected to the Law of fin and death I once did stand, Made free, I to obey begin, Grace.

the Spirit of Life's command;

Glory. A glorious triumph's yet in flore, o're fin and death for me. How should I Majesty adore, Reft.

that I thus fav'd should be?

ic (8. ) la plat fill the total of Instance. Once God's pure Nature; Word and Law Nature. I hated as my Foes;

Now with them I in holy awe, Grace. and dear affections close.

Defires shall into full delight, Glory. at length refolved be.

Lord! what am I that e're my fight Reft. should such bleft. Obj ets sce?

Born ignorant of Heavenly things, I teachings did defpise;

All teachings which the Golpel brings, my Soul doth dearly prize.

Clear apprehensions I shall gain, when Faith is turn'd to fight.

Lord! what was man that thou shouldft daign on him to place delight; 10. With

With vileft Sons of men I chofe, my chief repaft to take:	Nature.
But now the firiteft Saints are those.	Grace,
whom bosom-friends I make	'some
With glorious Saints and Angels I eternally to dwell.	Glory.
Lord! raise me up to magnifie,	Reft.
this Grace that doth excel.	: die
( 11.)	
The form of Godliness I loath'd.	Nature.
which Sons of God profess;	Leading.
Now with its power compleatly cloath'd -	Grace.
with all my heart I press.	Com Lex
The price of that high Call at laft,	Glory.
I am in hope to gain.	
Lord! why should all this Grace be cast	Reft.
upon a Wretch fo vain? V a foul of	
(12.)	
Of Earth, an earthly Man I was,	Nature.
and earthly things did mind:	- AL TON
But now am brought from earth, alas!	Grace.
yet here I stay behind. But shortly from the Earth I shall	Glary
rais'd, and translated be.	Glery
Admired kindness, that at all	Reft.
God fhould have thoughts on me!	. K.h.
(.13.)	
n Hell's black Region was my place,	Nature.
dark as the blackeft night;	2121216
But now enlightned I through Grace,	Grace.
walk as a Child of Light.	Crate, 1
With Light which Mortals cannot see,	Glory.
I shortly hope to dwell:	
What marvellous Grace is this to me,	Reft.
fav'd from the lowest Hell!	
20.21	14. A
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	with the same party

£14.) A Babe was I in open field, caft out in Blood, and loath'd; Grace paffing by a skirt did yield, Grace. I now am wash't and cloath'd. Glory. With Robes immortal yet I wait, in Glory to be rais'd: This love is fo furpassing great, Reft. it cannot be display'd. (15.) A ftranger from my Father's face, Nature. by Nature I remain'd; But to be call'd his Friend, by Grace, Grace. I have at length obtain'd. Glory. His fixed favourite in blifs, eternal I shall be. Reft. O! what transcendent love is this, to fuch a Wretch as me? (16.) Nature. At enmity with God I flood, a Rebel fierce and wild; Grace. By fhedding of my Saviour's Blood, I now am reconcil'd. Glory. Then faved by his Life much more, I hope and wait to be. Reft. Lord, I would humbly thee adore, who thus hath faved me. (17.) Nature. God's Righteous Law for wickedness, my conscience did condemn, Grace. But now through Christ's own Righteousees I'm justified in him. I hope for that refreshing day, Glory.

that will Salvation bring

Who can the faithfulness display, of my dear Lord and King?

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((:10-)	
Once as a guilty Soul aftray, 1 2 25qod yld 2	Vaterei
from God I fled for fear.	
Now by the new and living Way, war and with boldness I draw near,	Grand
The day's approaching, when Above	Glerya
I shall with God abide	
Dear Soul, this thought surpassing love, in silence do not hide.	Roff
((19.)	
In Satan's Kingdom I lay chain'd.	Vature-
a willing fetter'd flave:	
But Christ my liberty hath gain'd, choice freedom now I have.	GIAGO.
Of Heavenly free Ferufalem,	Clam
Cisina Challes	Gierro
Um can I do enough Con him	P.4.
who all this did for me?	ACCUPATION OF THE PERSON OF TH
(20:)	100
From any bond to Righteouineis.	Vature
I once was wholly free:	
but now made free to kighteomneis.	GRAGAN
its Servant I would be	
its Servant I would be. In Righteousness I hope to raign	GHOTO
when in that tempt no more	
Let not this Grace be all in vain.	Ach
laid richly thus in frore.	
(21.)	
Thursday a series of the serie	Feenana .
my terrors did increales x see w what I	THE REAL PROPERTY.
But now deliver'd from the Law,	Caren
by Faith I live in peace, of an aviolat 1	
Of Faith I Chall obtain the end,	Glatto "
in full Salvation then	- Adaba
How doth this Grace of God transcend	-
the utmost thoughts of men. (82'0)111	مواله.
M de la	0 M-

(22. )

My hopes, with falle foundations propt, Metire. oft turn'd into dispair. But now its Anchor fafely dropt, Greet. doth true rejoycings rear. Things hop'd for shall be full injoy'd. Glory, no work for hope in fight. Oh bleffednels! to be imploy'd, Rob. in acts of pure delight. (23) No right to promifes had I. Nature. or words that tend to fave ; No promifes I can apply, Gruce. to all, true right I have. All Heavenly Bleffings promifed, Glory. I fully shall partake. Roft. Why fland I thus diffinguished, alone for Mercies fake? (24) Born from beneath, as Satan's Brat, Nature. Hell's Heritage did find me; But God, who me by Grace begat, Grece. Heir of the World affign'd me. An Heir of God, joynt-Heir with Christ, Glory. in Heaven I shall dwell. Ref. Lord! leave me not to be intic't, this Heritage to fell. (25.) My Fence departed, unto harms Mature. I daily was expos'd; But lodg'd in everlafting arms, Graces

I fafely am inclos'd. A Mount impregnable e're long, God will about me raise: Oh! put an everlasting Song, into my mouth, of praise,

Glory.

Reft.

(26.) By Works of my own Righteoulnels, Mature. the way to Heaven I fought, Of truffing to it more or less,... Grace. I now abhor the thought. Glory. In Righteouincis, without a spot; I shall prefented be. Ref. Admired be my bleffed Lot, lay'd up in Christ for me. (27.) My fingle felf, in fenfual luft, Nature as my chief end I fought: But chiefly now contrive I muft, Grace. God may have honour brought. To give him glory still in blift, Glory. my work will fhortly be. Reff. With joy unspeakable will this imployment ravish me. (28.) Like a loft Sheep, or Goat, or Son, Nature diftreffes did furround me, But in this De art ftate undone. Grace fweet Jesus sought and found me. And shortly to my long'd-for home, Glory me in his arms will bring. Reft. Ah! what high raifed Songs become, my beauteous glorious King? (20.) Through darkness then upon my mind, Nature I nothing knew or learn'd; Through gracious teachings now I find Grace. deep things in part discern'd. Glory, Through perfect Vision all things I fhall know as I am known; His Glory to Eternity,

30. Bel

his Praises shall be shown.

(30.)

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Mature Beft fervices I then perform'd, a loathsome flink did make : Grace. Weak fervices are now adorn'd and sweet for lefus fake. Glori. A Reward, not of Debt but Grace, fuch fervices shall crown. Roft. 'Tis wonderful that God should place, on Duft fuch great renown. (31.) Nature. Sin did God's Image quite deface, and like a Beaft befot me: Gran. But Dignities bestow'd by Grace, rais'd like a Prince bath got me. Glory. Yet more transform'd I wait to be. like Angels who excel; Reft. What glorious Grace is this to me, a firebrand pluckt from Hell? (32.) Nature. Both Sin, and Satan, as their own, my Members did inherit; Grace. But now this Body is the Throne. and Temple of the Spirit. Glory. And though in vileness 'twill be fown. 'twill Spiritually be rais'd! Reft. Since God fuch glorious depths makes known how should this Grace be prais'd; (33.) Nature. God's Glory into shame I turn'd, and in that shame did boast; Grace. Now things for which my luft then burn'd I blush and loath them most. Glory. But far above all fin and fhame, I shall be raised on high; 文诗. Lord, fet me on a gracious frame, thy Name to magnific. 30. Ech 34. All [ 65 ]

Yet sometimes Provide (48) All dirt and mire among the pots, and and Nature you might my vilage fee, went is ason and T. But now, though mixt with waves and fuots, Grace. fair as the Moon I be. My raised Glory shall at last, as food blood and Glora the Suns bright Beams out-thine How could eternal love be plac't on Souls to black as mine? (35.) 1 dans noH3 Within the Region once I fate In Light's Dominion now of late, to fit down I am made. AThrone of glorious Life at length. reserv'd in Promise lies; Lord, lead thy worm from frength to frength Reft fuch precious Grace to prize.

For young Joseph Branch.

(1.)

He names that Holy men of old did on their Children fet. I state of the Some mysteries tended to unfolds fome teachings to beget. Some works of God in ancient dayes were to remembrance brought; Or fome instructions for their wayer, was thus kept in their thought. (25) a molerutsM berutaM This way our wanton age difgufts to manife of such is our names have other ends; The rich thus gratifie their Lufts, the poor thus please their Friends. F -3.

Yet sometimes Providence is known

Whitein to out-reach;
That names, at unawares bellown,

Tome Coupel-track do pleach.

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And what should hinder but I might,
such lessons learn in mine?
DidParents teach me, and the light

of grace upon me shine.

of Holy Foseph I might learn,

Christ The Branch, I might discern

of a wild Vine I be,

My root is rottent els like deft,
my Bloffoms will afcend;

My grapes are Sodom's pride and luft, to death my clufters tend.

Can pricking Bryar, or grieving thorn, good grapes in clusters bear?

Are figgs upon the Thiftle born,
will any feek them there?

No wholesome water can be brought
from a corrupted spring.

Manured Nature forth may bring

a lovely Branch to fight, a notice and bloffoms of the Spring;

with leaves and bloffoms of the Spring; and shades of great delight.

But if no fruit it doth afford.

As Christ expects to find;

The Figg-treedry'd, or Fenes. Gourd

What (once fair) Branches may I fpy, of fruit and leaves bereft?

Who living may be faid to dye, to men, and burning left.

What great appearance once they made, with cost were digg'd and dreft,

They yielded an increasing shade, and promis'd with the best.

8)

But like the Ivy, hardly known, on other branches hung

Their Root was properly their own though to the Rind they clung.

But now the Fan and Axe are brought, to purge and cast away:

Such fruitless figg-rees come to nought, fuch empty Vines decay.

True, The Vine-dreffer yet intreats, that digg'd or dunged be;

that digg'd or dunged be;

If precepts, promiles, or threats,
may better them or me.

But to our root the Axe is put,

if no good fruit be found,
This is the fentence, Down them cut;
why cumber they the Ground?

Infruction I should learn from hence,

How vile a branch I be; Unless, in a New-Cov'nant sense,

a death shall pass on me. lieless from Adam I be cut as standing in the Law.

Andrew a new-ingrafture put Christs life and sap to draw.

(11)

Might I in that true Vine be found a branch that bides alive; by Well and Wall be fent,

Nay, though the Archers griev'd me now my Bow would bide in bent,

(12)

Then in the scorching years of drought, when moisture others want;

I should retain both leaves and blowth,

and flourish like a Plant, Till planted by thy crystal Brooks, in Paradice I be,

Where Gods fruit-ripening thining looks thall fill be fixt on me.

Verses sent by an unknown Hand, to Captain Sampson Lark,, in Exon-Prison: with a Respond.

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Diversion breeds delight, delight prepares for Action, Action is the leach of cares:
When one from t'other in this wise proceed,
Then of Diversion sometime you have need.
Cares only sinful actions must expell,
Which none but lawful actions can do well:
And lawful actions breed a chast delight,
Which flows from good diversion when its right.
If lawful actions shoot out sinfubcare,
And chast delight doth for such acts prepare;
And good Diversion breeds such chaste delight:
Have at the mark! Sure, this will hit the white!

Though you are mostly known to me by same, Yet I'le make bold to descant on your name:
Names to the things sometimes do well agree,
As, in your name, whoever will may see.
When this agreement shall to light be brought,

All men will fay, Your name is not for nought.

Lark is your name, and Larks most sweetly sing,

When they are mounted highest on the wing:

your towring Soul sometimes mounts up on high,

and sings its freezest notes above the sky.

[ 69 ]

The Lark feeds clean and can no filth abide. To Common-Prayer should you a month be ty'd: lam perswaded, I may safely say, You'd live on that as well as Larks by Hay; The Lark's a Princely Difh, though small to fight. The Peftle of a Lark is worth a Kite. One Hour's discourse with you more gain affords, Than years acquaintance with some greater Birds. But there's a feafon when Larks may be caught, A Month in which the filly Bird doth dote: and then the Fowlers use to set their Gin. They leave their stall, their Lure, the glass wherein The Birds behold a falle, though gliftering Sun, And tempted by it, to the Lure do come; and to it play, which when the Eowler fees, He makes no doubt but such a Lark is his. he cunning Fowlers they have let their gin, Good Sir, beware left they should draw you in; hould you be caught, they'l make a stall of you, To tice in others as they use to do. ir, keep aloft, and floop not to their glas; left what I do but bint, should come to pass, wifh, the Proverb may in this prove true; fill the sky falls, they'l ne'r catch fuch as you. I am no Poet nor a Peet's fon, s you may guess by what I now have done; et pray accept what I in love do fend. though it come from Your concealed friend.

b

Respond.

What mourning melodie falutes the Lark; What mourning melodie falutes the Lark; hat meetred musick, what Seraphick stra ns. hat curious warblings eccho through the plains. he singer to retirement is disposed.

oname, nor Cha after, must be disclosed.
he strain transcends (vail'd in some shady bush) he Gold bill'd Black-bird or the dapple Thrush.

[70]

Outvies the Nightingale or Turtles voice;
The notion's ravishing, th'anointing's choice.
Some Zions Singer in a sable Coat!
Stop, cease thus guessing, Heark, attend his note.
His quick intelligence on Eagle's wings,
Yields piercing insight through terrestrial things;
He sees and smiles, at mens phanatick rage,
In cloistering unshorn. Samplon in a Cage;
Besides the vain attempts, to clip the wing,
Or to inhibit Birds inspired to sing.

But here he's out, mistaking he admires

Dark's worth in act, which is but in defires;
He spies the stratagems, bewrayes the wiles,
Wherewith the Fowler filly Larks beguiles,
He warns of dangers, needful counsel drops,
Forestalls surprisals, hints coelestial props.
Both Heaven and Earth his lot must Seed commend
Who hath such a seal'd, though concealed, Friend.

Friend do not cease, thy outcry to prefer, Slack not thy witness from the Mount of Myrrh. Although the Rock of Ages thee immure, Where Bread's ascertain'd, and where water's fore Though out of dread and Gunshot thou abide, Thy Talent in a Napkin do not hide. From Mount-Communion Gofpel depths disclose, If not in Meeter, yet in nervous Profe. Direct thy Mulick to the shady wood, Where for a covert, and to pick their food The sometime numerous flock, dispersed lie, Expos'd to finkings, and defign'd to die; Let pitty move you, yea, let grace incline. Your yearning Bowels, by a power divine; Sing heaps of Wheat; Birds of the golden-feather Will flee like clouds, then flock like Doves together Ne'r fear the Vulturs that are now abroad, Your Covert-work and Wages, are of God. He not detain you but conclude, and end, Your no way tired, though retired, Friend.

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copy of Verfet, Composed and sent me from London, by a Child of Twelve Years of Age.

H what is Man! that God should mindful be, of such a Brute, of such a Beast as he! dmire the goodness of the Lord of Lords, sat he such mercy unto Man affords: san that's but dirt, or clay, or some such thing. then admire the goodness of our King:

When first the Lord created Man, then he hid give him grace to live eternally. Then he did fill him with his holy Spirit, and gave him power, eternal joy to merit. Thus Man, by his own power and strength doth stand. The subtil serpent comes with a strong hand

hus to the woman he begins and faith hus to the woman he begins and faith home, filly woman; hath God faid, that ye renot to eat of the forbidden Tree? The woman, answering to the Serpent, said, leare to eat of all that God hath made, utfrom the tree that in the midst doth stand, leare commanded to refrain our hand,

The subtil Serpent gat the day at last, and made poor Eve and Adam be laid fast, a mire and dirt and filth of sinful sin; which made poor Adam Gods great curse to win, or when the woman saw the tree was good and that twould make one wise, also for food; be takes the fruit of the forbidden tree, and gave some to her husband; and when he had taken of the fruit, he condescended to eat likewise, so to the Serpent bended. Now God, perceiving man had quite lost all his great persection, had before his sall;

ad that there was no way for him to stand;

e thinks, how he might put an helping hand.
Though

[ 72 ]

Though feeble man's thus faflen, and quite loft! God calls his Son, and therein spares no coft. Who fure is able all their fins to bear Yea though their fins were twice as many more. Come, my dear Son! come, wilt thou undertake. To bear those Sinners fins; do, for my fake. Come, my dear Son; redeem loft man for me. I have no way to fave him, but by Thee. If thou wilt be a furety for mankind, I'le covenant with thee (dear Son) and bind My felf to give thee thrength and glorious power, For to go through the torments of that hour, In which thou Justice art to Satisfie. Isay again to thee, I will stand by. Our Lord and Saviour, willing for man's fake; To dye for him, he did this Office take. And so well did perform his charge, that he Poor Man from chains of darkness did set free. By offering up himself a Sacrifice, He paid the debt, that did for fin arise, So to the highest Heavens doth now ascend To God the Father, and from thence doth fend His Holy Spirit, to lead in the way. And guide us, left we erreand go aftray.

All praise be given unto she Lord of lords, Who of His Grace much help to us affords, And let us all our dayes express the same, In tonour of his great and glorious Name.

An Answer being desired, This fragment being but part of what was intended.

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Kind Friend, When first I purpos'd to rehearse
The courteous welcome of your rare-ripe verse;
With what delight, your promptness we descry
With what thanks-givings we God's teachings eye
How wit's dexterity ascends its place,
Yea, how it profrates to enthroned grace;

On this defign there need not be impre ft,

Or rural requifits to do their best.

Our empty Genius would attempt the wing; our home-foun dialect, its frore would bring; Wir. if it's Wit, affi tance, would afford and wanton mirth turn-out its frothy hoord. at all their work were fitter for the plough. than wreath a Garland for your hopeful Brow. For look as haizy morning-mifts give way. When gliffering Ptabus doth his beams difolar Or as with gentleft touch the fearful Snaile Contracts his cornets, and flow-filvering tail follunk, and fhrunk for fhame, fuch vain effaves. w found rebukes from your grave gracious laves. Sicce then, no concord can be but a clash Twixt the best substance, and this filthy trash, offreams, nor frames, can fquare with the delign. But aid and arguments through-out divine: What great necessity upon us lyes. for that Anointing to prefer our cryes? That's promis'd and prepared to direct through paths of myft'ries fecrets to detect, Things hid from Ages, from the voyce to hide Offi-fhly glory, to abife the pride. While babes and fucklings, weak, bafe, empty thingsi ato the knowledg of these depths he brings. Oh then what purity should such direct. s lively leadings in fuch paths expect? What chaft conceptions, yea, what frames refin'd hould still accommodate the waiting mind? and then how thankful should they trembling stand, Who need fuch leading from this holy Hand? loy, watch with fealoufie, most fafely keeps Their feet who walk thro' fuch mysterious deeps. Sweet Soul, for you is prayd in earlie dayes, What Ifrael's finger upon high did raife, heir mirch and mutick who bare conquering palms rompted to fing the Lamb's and Mofes Pfalms; Which none hot Zions Virgins can acquire, an'd to the facred Evangelick lyre. Mag [ 74 ]

May your dear foul the power and virtue find
Of that great Compact which your fong doth mind;
How near how pure the blood of sprinkling makes,
What glorious priviledge the Saint partakes.
What helps to holiness it brings to hand,
On what firm Basis all his comforts stand,
What grounds for constant triumph it affords,
What sweet ingagements, still to be the Lords;
What bleffed prospects through these clouds it gives
To Zions joy, that its Redeemer lives.
And that he hastes to pluck from Satan's jaws,
And give reviving to his bleffed cause.

A Friend his Offer towards the preferring the remembrance of that faithful Servant of Christ John (e) Edwards junior, who died in the Prison at Exon. the 27th year of his age.

Anagram.

Inward He do's, or He Do's Inward

When Satan shuts up Saints in Ward, his might Is bent to quench, at least obscure, their light, To quell their Spirits, to distract their mind That they no heart no hand for work should find. But here's a Conqueror in spight of soes His Father's business, though in Ward He Does; (ches, He does much inward work, he Writes, Prays, Preathe Saints & sinners, through his grate he reaches. Nay still he speaks: It don't that work obstruct, Though from his prison, he to raign be pluckt, This voids that argument, We must comply, Or, if in bonds, must cease our Ministry.

Fobn (e) Edwards

Anagram.

He'd draw Zion,

He'd Sion mard.

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From Hell's black region, yea, through sinai's shade, New-covenant conduct plain his paffage made From threatned frokes, which wife'y he forefaw, And from fins haftening them He'd sion draw : He'd draw fouls Sion-ward, with dex erons art Inform their Ju igments, then attract their heart. His worth and Ston's lyes not much obscur'd: Well; though he liv'd contemn'd and dy'd immur'd When Fefus comes, He'l in his Lot remain : He flept to wake; He died to live again, Fobannes Edwardus Anagram. Heaven'd Sion wards. His ferious Sionist his race purfes; Whilft young men languish, still his strength re-Through Backas vale, he plyes from ftrength to To appear in Sion is his scope at length. With Princely flaves, He (flighting carnal tools ) Digs pits on earth, Haven daily fills his Pools. In this his progress through the Kings. High-way He meets with Heaven, Heaven meets him day by day : Till of a fuddain midft his travelling night. An Heavenly Chariot taught him out of fight. Ah wretched I! How Birth my course retards; Lord let me be as he, Hearfuld Sion-mards. Upon the Grave-Stone of Analis Mayow and her Child, laid in one Grave in Darimourb. Anafis Mayow Anagram. Aim at Sions way.

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Aim at Sions way.

Till fesus comes. This Bed the dust contains
Of a sweet Sionist, dicharg'd from pains.
Whose aim at Sions way, was took aright:
That path she travel'd, with increasing might;
That race she finish'd in her youthful day,
Though dead, she speaketh; Aim at Sions way.

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Devite on car

On her young Child, dying fhortly after Pettators! Heed Death's quick pursuit, But-now the Tree, and now the Fruit; Yet his attempts are all but vain, For Tree and Fruit Ihall foring again.

On Mr. Fowler of Lime and his Wife.

William Fowler Anagram. Worm will fail.

A ? Hat's man at best? a worm. Can worms qui About eternal things? A worm will fail. Mortals, be warn'd by me, reclaim your truft From man, a worm, reducib'e to doft.

Mariba Fowler Anagram. The formal War.

Wixt flesh and spirit once in me, and aid an ni the formal war was railed and driw a som old Now grace hath got the victory, in mitble s to bil the Bleffed God be praifed! advant Vlagvan A The triumphs of the Crowning day with Jesus are not far and in a so Let nothing ( Saints ) your faith difmay, Bordread she formal War.

In memory of that servant of Christ, Ed. Cock of Plym. who rested from his labours the 23d. of the 5th. Month 1666.

> Edward Cock Anagram. A Dewed Rock. Man min shail W

TF Rizpab's offer from her Princely mind. Such Royal favour did with David find; When she, with Tears and tendernels, had spread Na A fable fackcloth to conceal the Dead.

lay, clad with this active the mournful Rock. ter Where bung the Off-spring of Saul's Royal Rock, from Birds and Beafts, them day and night to keep fill from above the clouds on them did weep a Nav. till their Bones the Kings command did gather and Jay in frate and honour with their father a Till Harvest's end, till three years famine cease, Till God was pacified, the Land at Peace. Why may not I at least allowed be This Paper Canopie to Spread on thee? Dear Heaven-born, Royally descended Lock Not to obscure thee, nor thy dewed Rock. Thou are fecured, in a beder way, From teeth or claws of Birds, or Beafts of prey; from ftife of tongues, and from the foot of pride Thy Fathers Royal Secret-Tent doth hide. want A. As for the Rock, whereon thou end'A thy dayes, I Its none of Gilbars the dew besvraves, has should and Thy roots were watered though to fromes they clung, And all night-long dew on thy branches bung britin a Thy fleece with drops was filled from on high, 13,50 V When round- about, the parched ground was dry !! Yet ftill as Facobs fountain dropt on thee At second b and, they round should dewed be. From thence thy first and latter rain did drop, in 3 18 Which fill'd thy ears, and fo inrich'd thy crop. Thy Ear-ripe Harveft God's command did thew Thou mouldst be bleffed with Mount Zions dem. On this High Rock where thou wert made to tide, Honey and Butter flow'd on every lide. 1-This strong munition did thy peace secure, Thy bread was given thee, and thy waters fure. Thy Sepulcher thou in this Rock didft hew, Yet ftill remain's; as Dem of herbs thy Dem-Thy flesh abides in hope, though't dwell in dust; With Christ's dead Body, rife and fing it must. It's but a little while, until the King Shall make the dwellers of this Rock to fing

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A friendly attempt to call to remembrane the precious Savour of that gracious Soul Mrs. Margaret Trenick, late wife of Mr Thomas Trenick, of Plymouth: who de parted this life the 30th. day of the second Month (vul. Januarie) Anno 1665, being the 27th. year of her age. Psal. 12. 1.

Margaret Trenick,
Anagram
Art creating mecker.

My flumbring Muse hath me invited,
A fong with fighs in hand to take,
But with such work not much delighted,
She shrunk and slunk, escapes to make;
Great indisposedness appears
In mind and members to this thing;
Yea, throngs of doubtings, clouds, and fears,
Discouraging excuses bring.

But under great ingagements l'le go seck ber, For thy sweet sake who art creating mecker.

But oh, How treat of Christ can 1?
Or of his G ace-begeiting write?
Creating is a Theam too high,
Unless th' Anointing all indite.
Belides, it is a fight so rare
To see Creating-grace display
The Everlasting Arm made Bare,
Who will believe in it one day!

Becomes me best, to own my felf a feeker, Can this thing be? Thou are creating mecker

But when I fix my serious thought Upon the task 1 m undertaking; A lively instance forth is brought, Of a meck foul, zer meeter making

A Lamb-like temper at the first In nature beautify'd her morn; But 'twas not Adam, form'd of Duft, Whose meekness could her Soul adorn: Till Christ in meekness comes Himself to seek Her And speaks with power, Thou art creating meeker This new Creation progress found, From strength to strength by meekning grace : By oppositions gaining ground, Till the had finished her race. Through foul-diffreffes, doubts, delays, Which others meekness oftimes tire; She meekly walkt to Christs High praise, Her meekness, by these steps got higher. Nay when grim death to ruine all did feek her, This truth was feal'd, Th' art yet creating meeker! Margaret Trenick. Anagram, Greater Mercie tak'n. While Earth's foundations cannot fland, while powers of Heaven are shaken; Me God hath from great plagues at hand, In greater Mercy taken. Sharp holenels leaf a bo Friends, do not grieve, then that by me This wretched worlds for faken; Here to be left might mercy be, But greater mercy taken. In dust I sleep, now freed from tears, But shortly shall awaken: And shall be, when my Christ appears, and In greater Mercy taken. Ye might have one day wept to see Me figh, as one forfaken; But now, Triumph that Christ hath me To greater Mercy taken. Margares

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Margaret Trenick.
Anagram.
Mark retreating.

The bleffed subject of this mournful verse, Transcends my skill, her praises to rehearse: The lively grace which in her youth did shine, Reslects convictions on this Soul of mine.

How short of her I am in patient waiting, And how unskil'd, aright to mark retreating.

This age of deep revolt from truths profest,
Made sad impressions on her heaven-born breast:
Such as bespoke her, griev'd in heart to see
God's name blasphem'd (by seeming Saints) to be.
This broke her sleep, and mixt with tears her eating

To mark the madness of this Times retreating. It's true, the talkt not much, made little noise.

Her closet-Friend, the chose should hear her voice: But her whole walk with God, and man bewray'd Heartful of matter, though not much she said.

For hers and others Souls, her heart was beating.

To mark the steps and issues of retreating.

She chose to walk a mournful softly pace, Weeping while waiting for her Father's face; Sharp sickness seal'd home love, but seiz'd her life, Once a choice Virgin, then a faithful Wife.

Both life and death, this Anagram repeating, Behold the upright's end, but mark retreating.

Margaret Trenick, Anagram. King rare matter.

A Dialogue betwixt a Querist, and her Answer.

Querift.

Dear Heart! while living, Grace did much appear. In thy flow speaking, who were quick to hear,

Margares

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[ 81 ]

But more, when Death did thy crakt pitcher break,
Thy Lamp shines brightest, & thou dead dost speak.
In this I acquiesce, yet fain would know
Why wert so mute, why to good speech so slow?

Why wert fo mute, why to good speech so slow?

Answer.

The Tempter on my temper might prevail, some needful teachings sometimes to conceal: Pretending ease, yet brought no solid rest; The fire increasing in my panting breast. Which rais'd rebukes, convictions, griefs, so high As sound no vent but through a weeping eye.

Quest.

Was't all and only thy temptations then
Thou wert so mute among the sons of men?
So scarcely sociable, so retir'd,
As made Converse with thee not much desir'd?
Thy lips allowed thy heart so little vent,

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That few could fathom what thy musing meant.

Anf.

Nay fometimes reasonings of a higher kind,
Did that way Byass my poor pausing mind;
I view'd and wept on a professing Age,
That talk'd Religion on a stately stage:
But so reproacht it by unworthy walking,
As made me dread their fellowship in talking.

Quest.

But why among the Saints, thy dear delight, Were so reserved, if not filent quite? Their gracious speeches drop as generous wine, Yet might have been more spic'd & warm'd by thine. 'Tis wisdom's way these waters deep to draw, By frequent speakings, yet with holy awe.

Ans.

Besides the Tempter's wiles, I oft bethought How ignorant I was, what need be taught; How little I could speak to others gain, How I had spoke already much in vain. Then begg'd a bridle on my lips might be, Left I should speak what was not in me.

Quest.

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It's true, Their talk involves both guilt and dangers. Who boak of grace, whereto they are but strangers. But all who rightly knew thy soul, could say; Ther's precious treasure, though a straightned way. Nay, when Death seiz'd thee, and thy strength was

Aus

What glorions matter preft to have a vent!

I must consels (though forth I could not bring)
My heart conceiv'd rare matter for the King,
But my conceits were shatter'd. Short, and bare
Of such high matter, Heavenly Royal, rare,
I could not speak what I was apprehending,
Until my clouds, my streights, and sighs, were ending

Margaret Trenick.
Anagram,
Make not grace retire.

F this Saint's name, inverted thus, affords
Such choice variety of teaching words;
What would her nature, her new nature, yield;
Had we traverted that fweet finelling field;
But fince with gravity it was inclo'd
Not feeking entrance, most its profit los'd.

Such Bosom-friends as did that key acquire Found deeply graven, Make not Grace retire.

Above the reft, her york-fellow is left
To wail with bitternels, as one bereft
Of a choice Jewel, whose rare vertues lay
In Bosome-firengthmings, through Christs hated way
Her heavenly arguments, in screet dropt,
His fainting soul hath of with courage propts

When he ran hazards, still did her delire
Keep conscience tender, Make not grace retire.
Consult not wife and children, would she say;
Though we beg with you, in the Kings high way:
Betray not any truth what'ere 't would get you,

Defert no station where the Lord hath fet you.

reat fufferings rather choose, then little fin: little spark may dreadful flames begir. Set soveraign pleasure in dominion higher : S Though nature ftartle, Make not grace retire. ch words of wildom, dropt in gracious cools, y. eak louder than the cry that reigns with fools. hen Husband flept, the pantings of her breaft, cn frequent travail, held her eyes from reft. or clearer fealings of her Father's love or Sion's showers, and shinings from above. She durft not grieve the Spirit, quench his fire. Not make the leaft true grace of His retire. tlaft the best appear'd on fiery tefts. hen bonds, her Husband; Death, her self arrefts. then ftript of ftrength, being forc't, her husband left fall three fons her Father had bereft her. (her. then friends frood trembling grace fuch beams did sraif'd with triumph fit'd with joy her heart. (dart These first-fruits of the Kingdom, set her higher Than that the Tempter Should make grace retire. weet foul! She now a glorious rest obtains fom all her outward pangs, her inward pains. elation-due's the long'd to to perform, s griev'd to leave him in this diffinal form. They cease to bind her: These cares ended are Tobe with Fefus fine finds better fare. To fuch rare patterns might my foul aspire! Not grieving Christ, Not making grace retire. An Epitaph. Vive heed, Spectators; In this grave's involv'd J A costly Cabinet to be diffoivid; With wondrous wisdome richly rarely wrought, And by great exercises aptly brought To lodge, Subserve, and openly to tender An heavenly Jewel, this age rich to render. But its new workmanship in worth did rise it. To such vast value; this World could not prize it. They'd

They'd foiles indeed, to shade it wisely set,
And on its outside some distempers met;
On which the world did with contempt insist.
Till their enriching Market-time they mist.
So little knows this crooked generation
Their things for peace, or days of Visitation;
Like them of old, cry, Barrabas set free,
Dispatch the Heir, the Vineyard ours shall be.
But the great Owner marks not jealous eyes.
This age's apitude to slight, dispise,
And scorn his tenders of the richest Gem,
Crown-Jewels, nay, the Royal Diadem;
And vext to see in this provoking world,
His precious treasure basely kick'd and hurl'd,

Determines, Earth's not worthy to contain. His royal retinue, his Princely train. Or these rich treasures which they gladly bring, And freely offer to endear their King In wrath he feems to speak, My Saints, retire To your frong Tower, from my approaching Ire: Come draw off from the gap, defert the breach, Let me and them alone; To pray, to preach, Reprove, or witness in the gate's, a crime. Prudent, keep silence, 'tis an evil time ; In Dens and Caves a remnant I will hide, In Prison-holes some precious ones shall bide: Some from their Homes and Land difpell'd shall be, To bear a witness, and frand ground for me. But, from your ufefulness to this vileage More then to flew their fin, difclose their rage, And aggravate their Judgment, I discharge you; Yet in due Seafon I'll again ir large you.

Nay, frange not, If I gather from your fight Some Gems of honour, Stones of great delight.

I break and hide my Cabinet in duft,

Transfer my jewels where's no moth, nor rust;
With just mens souls in light to set them down,

A Constellation in a splendid Crown.

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[ 85 ]

Till Christ appear, his Jewels to collect,
To raise his dead, to change his quick elect;
Their spirits, souls, and bodies to translate
To blessed likeness to his raised state.

The King of glory swiftly thus dispos'd of our choice Margaret, not yet disclos'd her inriching worthiness to all.

in her infiching worthings to all,

Ah wretched age (must we in it remain?)
Which fins away such Jewels, to their gain,
sut our loss irreparable; unless
The quickening Spirit from on high possess
The Remnant that is lest, but scattered lie
About the graves, as bones exceeding dry.

Lord, Haste that Blessing which thy truth contains of its descending as the latter rains;
To usher in the glory of Thy Day,

Thy Kingdom come! Sweet Jesus, haste away!

In Memory of that Example of the grace and power of God, Caleb Vernon, who departed this life, the 29. day of the 9th. Month, 1565. being aged twelve years, and fix months.

Anagr.
Bore unclean,
Nue clean Robe.

Through Adam's nature I unclean was bore, Through grace (betimes) Christ's nue clean Robe, I wores

By nature in my first estate,
A wretched babe was I;
In open field deserving hate,
In blood and filth did lie.
And in that state I did delight,
As in my sport and play;
And therein would with all my might,
Have wallowed night and day.

And

And though from gross enormities, I might by men be clear'd Yet to my Maker's fearthing eyes Defil'd I all appear'd. Though nature with a pregnant wit, And comeliness adorn me; And education adds to it. To teach, reftrain, reform me: What prov'd it but deceiving paint On which defiling fin It did not kill, but lay reftraint Where outrage would begin. A pleasant picture to the eye I hereby might appear; By which to cloffe-Idolatry: Some might be drawn (I fear) But God, that faithful he might be That deadly snare to break, And that right early unto me He grace and peace might speak: With tenderness on these intents He Arips me of my vail; My coffly coverings all he rents My countenance makes pale. My comeliness to rot he turns My witty words to groans; My moisture up with drought he burns, Discloseth all my bones. And in a day of publick Ire Me these rebukes did meet, When pestilence as burning fire flew thousands at his feet. I who to bloffome did begin, With fuch fair paint before; Now as the early fruit of fin This character I wore. Despised Idol, broke to earth A Potsheard no way fit,

[ 87 ]

Or water from the pit.

But though, neer corruptible duft,

This curious frame was brought,.

By gracious pleasure stay it must,

Till nobler work were wrought.

Till deep convictions of my fin,

Till Jesus form'd in me;

Till as my portion I begin,

The Lord's dear Christ to see.
Till all my fins were done away,

Till terrours made me cease;

Till heart and mind could sweetly stag

In thought-furpassing peace.

Nay till in an accepted day,

My homage I could bring, And in his inflituted way,

Devote me to the King.

Till Christ put on, his works allow'd,

His dying marks imbrac'd,

His cause confest, his works avow'd,

His sufferings boldly fac'd.

His promise for a portion took, Saints for companions chose.

And on him plac'd a fixed look,

For future free dispole.

Since then in an upufual way

Rich Grace hath thus array'd me;

And in my young, yet dying-day,

With glory overlay'd me:

What properly should I defire,

But, now diffolv'd to be:

And in this marriage-white Attire

My Bridegroom's face to fee?

In Kedar who would not bemoan,

It there he must reside.

Oh wretched man! Who would not groan,

In finful flesh to bide?

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Who'ld

Who'ld lodge in fuch a nafty fhade, As torturing tottering flands. That hath a pallace ready made Not with polluted hands? Where fin, temptation, suffering, strife. Shall fully be destroyed. All-Dying, Swallow'd up of Life. And God at full injoy'd. What ailes my Parent then to weep, My friends to be dismay'd? Relations such a doe to keep, to fee a Child unray'd? Its filthy garments lay'd in duft, He lay'd, repose to take. Untill the morning when he must, With Nue clean Robes awake. May this a witness be to truth In this backfliding day, A Crystall mirrour unto youth, How to amend its way. Amen.

Verses affixed to the Wall of the Prison, at the Guildball in Plimouth; where A. C. was detained a month, and thence fent to the Mand, the 27th. Sept. 1665.

Tigh four years fince, fent out from hence,

To Exon Goal was I,

But special Grace in three months space, wrought out my liberty.

Till Bartholomew in fixty two, that freedom did remain;

Then without bail to Exon Gail,

I hurried was again-

Where having layn, as doe the flain,

Mong dead men wholly free;

Full three years space, my native place.

by leave I come to see,

And thought not then, I here again, A months reftraint should find,

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Since, to my Den, cast out from men,
1'm during life design'd.
But since my lines the Lord assigns,
In such a lot to be,
I kis the rod, confess, my God
deals faithfully with me.
My charged crime, in his due time,
he fully will decide,
And until then, forgiving men,
In peace with him I bide.

On the beginning of his recovering from an great sickness, on the Island of Plymouth.

To his truly Sacred Majesty, the High and Mighty Potentate, King of kings, and Lord of lords, Prince of Life and peace, Heir of all things, and Head over all to the Church.

The humble proferature, and thankful acknowledgment, of a poor Prisoner of hope, whose life uponall accompts hath been marvellously preserved, and delivered with a great Salvation from the pit of

Corruption.

Off glorious Soveraign to thy feet is brought,
The trembling Offspring of a contrict thought.
By a poor Captive who attempts to raife,
An Eben-ezer, to his Saviours praife.
A lafting Pillar as in Conscience bound,
In due remembrance of choice favours found;
With Grace to succour in a needful hour.
From death's dominion, and the Tempter's power.
But when thy worm reflects what can it bring,
Comporting with the grandure of a King;
Of such bright Majesty, as Angels must
Their faces vail before, shall sinful dust
Have bold access, and kind acceptance meet
For self and service at thy burning seet?

[ 90 ]

May Hair, a Badgers-skin, a widows-mite. From willing minds, find favour in thy fight; A pair of Pigeons, or a turtle Dove. Find kind construction from the God of love? Is there more over-laid by the fupply, To help fuch weakness in infirmity? A costly covering doth thy grace provide, Their blemishes to vail their spots to hide, Who from their fense of need and duty bring, Their lowly homage to their lofty King? On such encouragements here trembling stands, A contrite Waiter though with empty hands. Whose bag and basket speak him to become, More like a begger than a bringer-home, Who though he aimes and longs in this addre is. His utmost obligations to express, To charge his conscience, and discharge his Vow, Abandon other lords, to Jefus bow; Yet finds in All, that, void of Royal Aid, Nought worthy of thee can be thought or faid. Apart from Chrift the best attempts (Alas, ) Are tinckling cymballs, and as founding brafs, Such stately structures prove but Wood and Hay. I'th Teft and contest of that burning day, Thele dear experiments lo often Tri'd; All boafting confidence from flesh must hide, Of felf sufficiency in best attire, To form that work, or breathe but that delire, Or think that thought, that can in Justice claim, One heavenly asp & on its a& cr Aim. What then remains, thy worm must prostrate fall, While sentence from thy presence past on all Which felf hath gloried in, or flesh hath gain'd, With whatfoe'r to Adam appertain'd. His Wildom, Will, his Power, Delight, Defire, Or what hi Art, or Industry acquire; His nublest faculties, acutest parts. His liberal Sciences or rarest Arts.

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lay his best righteousness, his all in all, sust be resign'd, surrendred, lest to fall, e sentenc'd, Crucified, Dispoil'd, Disgrac'd, and at the seet of conquering Jesus plac'd; that on its ruines, Gospel grace may rear a living pillar, Thy new-name to bear.

Mourner's Mite, towards the right Remembrance of that late Labourer in the Gospel, Thomas Glass, who rested from his work on earth, the 30th day of the 7th Month, 1666.

M Theart with grief and pain is prest,

As over-charged in my brest:

Its struglings of a divers kind,

Perplex and intricate my mind,

Confus'd entanglement appears,

Of sence with faith, of hopes with fears.

Vicissitudes of ups and downs,

Of smiles that interfere with frowns;

As twins that mutually contend.

To bring which contest to an end,

I thought it ill to keep them pent,

But in this order give them Vent.

Sense. O that my head were as a springing Well, Mine eyes as rivers streaming down with tears:

O that I in some wilderness did dwell,
Where none might mark my sighs, my groans, my fears,
Where heart might break, for what is come to pass,
By Gods fresh breach, on my dear looking-glass.

Faith. Hold, hold thy peace, for shame, The Lord's at hand,

Let moderation now to all appear,
Let faith for sole submission give command,
Let perfect love checaue such tormenting fear,
Thy standing's founded as on mount of brass;
What mean such outcries for a broken Glass.

Sense.

Sense. If this my loss were Personal alone,
My sin deserves it, I should bear such stroakes;
But 0, methinks I heard poor Zion groan,
Gain'st me all day his Jealousie thus Smoakes;
My walls are fallen, my gates are burnt alas,
My golden pillars are as broken Glass.

Faith. Such swift severe dispatches clad with wonder, Bring teaching lessons to thobedient care, Who waiting in the secret place of thunder; Attends with silence, reverence, godly fear, At least how sojourners their time should pass, That measures by a running shaking Glass.

Sense. Hark, bark, how Sion sighs as put to shame, My children scatter'd, plague doth thousands slay; Poor London, undone with devouring slame, Distrest at land, and bloody wars at Sea. My strength is not of stone, nor slesh of Brass, Why am I broke as Shreds, as abject Glass?

Faith. But what's the cause in this confused noise, So few speak right, sew smite upon the thigh, To get by heart the tabring Turtles voice, What have I done? ah Master, Is it I?
Till such restetts be made; expect (Alas!)
A toyling Milstone for a Fixing Glass.

Sense. I captive sit by Babel's rivers brink,
My beart even broke, my barps on willows hang;
When on poor Sions ruins I bethink,
I cannot tune the Songs which once I sang:
Her heavens are Iron, and her earth as brass,
Her silver dross, her diamonds as Glass.

Paith. Such wordly forrow tends to death at length, Not to repentance; lye not on the ground, Take Gospel-Armour, gird thy loyns with strength; With search, the troubling Achan may be found. If grace prepare thee shooes of steel and brass, Thou mayst stand harping on this Sea of Glass.

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Sense. The Righteous perish, good men snatch'd away, The rest leave Captive! how am I bereft?
Most leave their Station, mighty men decay.
If any pleasant lecture yet be left,
Upon its combiness a wind doth pass
Thus all my hopes dash as a crystal-Glass.

Faith. Those costly coverings likely did provoke, To burning jealousse when over-priz'd; And must be dasht by a displeasing stroak, As Moses's Serpent when 'twas Idoliz'd: If that was stampt-on as a piece of brass, No marvel 'tis so with a beauteous Glass.

Sense. Have pitty (saith she) while I thus bemoan My sin's remembred, and my Son is slain; More natural to care for me was none: How can such losses be repair'd again? Who'l sow and send the feet of Oxe and Ass Besides all waters, as did painful Glass.

Faith. Take beed, take beed, left flesh be too much ey'd.
In what th' Anointing only van repair;
Broke Sycamores by Oaks may be suppli'd:
Faln bricks by stones too makes a Building fair;
But by such patching 'twill be worse alass,
New generous wine will break old Shop-worn Glass.

Sense. Alas, who then shall live when God appears, Who can the taste of such refining bear? When Fire and Furnace he in Sion rears; Sinners in Sion must be fill'd with fear. His eyes as slames, his feet as burning brass, Will melt bard Adamants as sluid Glass.

Faith. The Fire indeed is hot, the breach is large,
But he sits by to do us, make us good;
If one hair fall not but with special charge;
If Lillies, Sparrows, have their paint and food;
If God takes care of oxen, Birds, and grass;
He's more concern'd in his dear precious Glass.

Sense.

Sense. Ab that both Saints and Sinners could lament In Town and Country, where this Glass did run; The Golden hours they foolishly mispent : Ere this his Generation-work was done.

Jacin and Boaz might be rear'd for Glass, Faith. True, be was fick and fleepy, whom Jesus lov'd, But they who sleep so, shall do well at length; They rest from labours, are from sin remov'd, Weep not; he's gon but to renew his strength: We face to face shall see bim; for, alass, We faw but darkly, through that fractur'd Glass.

Had we an Hiram, skil'd to work in brass,

Sense. Must I be stript then of my choice attire? To offer Isaac, is an beavy tryal; Must I be season'd thus with salt and fire? How bard a lesson is this self-denial? My nail's remov'd, its weight is fall'n, alass, Cups, Flaggons great and small, all break as Glass.

Faith. Take keed of murmuring when God comes dow To bind up fewels that on earth be findes, To raife and fix them in a glorious crown: He calls for chearful gifts from willing-minds. When he would have a laver made of Brass, Mark how each daughter offer'd up ber Glass.

Sense: These are hard sayings; deep to deep doth call My flesh begins to fail, my heart to sink; Tis bard to feed on vinegar and gall, To eat of asbes, and with tears to drink: From me, if it were possible, let pass Such deadly draughts, mixt in a breaking Glass.

Faith. Cease Rachel's-weeping, bope is in thine end; Thy Children to their border God will bring. He'l Flead thy cause, thy right be will defend, Then Kedars-dwellers and the rocks, shall fing; Thy countenance that black, and scorched was, Shall shine in brightness like transparent Glass.

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In Anagram and Elegy, on his dear deceafed friend, John Vernon; who having ferved his Generation by the will of God, fell asleep the twenty ninth day of the third Month, vulg. called May, 1667.

For, Christ was hunted, griev'd, disgrac'd, With Christ, is In New Honor plac'd.

C Ome Sions Mourners, men of holy skill
For lamentation, in the Ashes lie;
come skilful mourning Women, weep your fill,
Take up a wailing, help to raise the cry,
Till from our eyes. like Rivers, tears run down,
Though in nue bonor, we have lost our Crown.

niquities do more and more abound,
Thy that were filthy, will be filthy fill.
leaven-daring fins without controle are found;
Vith wickedness how doth the Ephah fill!
Saints! fill your Bottle with repenting tears,
Then in nue bonor quickly God appears.

fixed Series of rebukes of late,
ike Wave on Wave, discovers dirt and mire,
in persons, Families, in Church and State,
lo stone in Sion but is tried by fire.
All old Creation things with trembling mixt.
Nought stands but what is in nue bonor fixt,

Mongst other warnings of a dreadful day approaching on the remnant that are left; The Righteous fail, the best men caught away; Of sense and feeling seem the rest berest, How swift the ruines of this old World haste, Whilst in nue bonor Saints so swift are placed.

An

While

Amida these troops of fiery Chariots press,
The Royal Offspring home to bring with speed;
My heart is pain'd to undergo the test,
Of parting with this Israelite indeed

Yet when think how many are debaling. I durft not grudge him in nue tonour placing.

VI.

But who in such a stormy Wind can part
With such a Father, such a Friend indeed,
And not cry out in bitterness of heart,
A double share I of thy Spirit need?
Though carnal Israel, Israels-troubler calls thee,
Yet in nue bonour Israels-God install thee.

VII.

Poor England little thinks, doth less bewail,
Its Chariots and best Horse-men troop away
When Witnesses and loud Reprovers fail,
Our grand Tormenters are dispach'd say they.
In open streets expos'd to scorn such lie,
Ere in nue bonour they be rais'd on high.

VIII. (pear'd,

What though (dear Soul) thy worth hath not ap-But black among the potsherds thou hast lien, Thy visage mar'd, thy beauty been besmear'd, By mingling Sions Dust with tears of thine.

That dust is wash't, those tears are wip'd away, Since in aue bonor thou are call'd to stay.

· J X.

Earth was not worthy of thee, could not bear thee,
Prophane and loose Professors far'd alike;
Thy words and walks did make them fret or fear thee,
Gainst those defilements thou wert bent to strike.
In base Complyances thou dread'st to bow,
Wert then in shame, art in nue bonour now.

X.

Ah, what a troop of weepers I descry Of Widows, Fatherless, Sick, Prisoners, sad,

Poor

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poor, Exile, Defolate, condemn'd to die. shewing how they by thee were chear'd and clad-Our loss, weep they, will scarce repaired be Till in sue honor we meet Christ with thee.

Among the Flock of Slaughter, clad with duft. Thro' sympathy in Spirit oft am I; But with Fob's Comforters fit mute I must Since grief amounts to fuch extremity:

His indignation, having finn'd, let's bear, Till in sue bonor he our breach repair.

XII.

A remnant 'mongft the reft I fpy. Of Mourners mark'd and feal'd in front and hands : Whom carnal Brethren cafting out, do cry Where is now your God? our Mount unshaken Rands. But to their shame he will appear at laft. When in nue bonor are markt Mourners plac't.

· XIII.

For his bleft chaffned Houshold, left with God, The pregnant Widow, and her hopeful Seed. Friends, Servants, Sojourners, that feel this Rod, My flesh doth tremble, and my heart doth bleed. Through right to Christ, yet raised from the dead,

Ye in nue bonor have a better head.

·XIV.

Among these mourners should I strive to sing. Like Vinegar on Nitre it would feem; If to their Sorrows I more weight should bring. A woful Comforter they'l me efteem.

Hafte to thy Mountain (Soul) with mourning Wings.

Till in nue bonor light from darkness forings.

But, ah poor finners! when will ye be wife? They're gone who did diffurb your carnal peace. But fine abiding, Rones shall cry, and rife, Rather than Gods contest with you shall cease.

[ 98 ]

With flames his Controversie he'l renew.

If in nue bonor ye no right pursue.

. XVI.

His Prophets he no longer now imploys,
His flighted, scorn'd Ambassadors withdraws;
But with Heaven shaking, Earth-affrighting noise,
As if seven Thunders spake, he pleads his Cause.
Stout Sinners! gird your loyns, decisions nigh;
Saints! to your Fortress in nue bonor fly.

XVII.

Backsliding England, once professing high,
Now turning Egypt-ward in spite of wrath;
Thy Oaths, base crouchings, deep Apostacy,
To fins and vengeance sloodgates opened hath.
Turn, turn at Gods reproof, break off thy sin,
Else never expect nue bonor stepping in.

Yet hope's in Ifrael still, though stell hath none;
A shelter from the Storm have Saints provided,
When desolate expos'd, left most alone,
They by Gods Eye and Counsel shall be guided:
When desolations at their height begin,
Such Earthquakes usher their nue bonors in.

XIX.

Then mourning, trembling Sionists attend,
Though heart and hand grow faint, lift up your head.
The Achan fearch, the breach and gap defend,
'Twixt Porch and Altar stand, twixt quick and dead.

Peace may be made (perhaps) a Pardon had,
And plowed Sion in the honor clad.

XX

Hay, though this Age must need to the land.

That Noans, Daniels, Jobs find no record.

Decrees be seal d, and men have sufficiently.

Yet shall your faithful work have sufficiently.

Th' Assertions floods your peace shall not annoy,

Ye in nuc bonor shall your God enjoy.

